



Spokane Plan Commission Agenda

Wednesday, November 13, 2024

2:00 PM

Hybrid - Council Chambers / Microsoft Teams
808 W Spokane Falls Blvd, Spokane, WA 99201

Virtual Meeting Link - See Below for Information

TIMES GIVEN ARE AN ESTIMATE AND ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE

Public Comment Period:

3 minutes each | Citizens are invited to address the Plan Commission on any topic not on the agenda.

Commission Briefing Session:

2:00 – 2:20	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Approve 10/23/2024 meeting minutes 2. City Council Liaison Report 3. Community Assembly Liaison Report 4. President Report 5. Secretary Report 6. Approval of current agenda 	All CM Kitty Klitzke Mary Winkes Greg Francis Spencer Gardner
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Workshops:

2:20 – 2:25	1. Selection of Transportation Commission Liaison	Spencer Gardner
2:25 – 2:30	2. Consideration of Resolution in Support of 27 by 2027 Urban Mobility Network Proposal	Spencer Gardner
2:30 – 3:45	3. Presentation from Co-Author of Escaping the Housing Trap	Daniel Herriges

Hearings: (All times below are approximate)

4:00 - TBD	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. BOH follow-up (amending the following SMC sections: 17A.020.060 17C.111.205, 210, 220, 235, 310, 315, 320, 325, 335, 420, 450 17C.230.020, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140 17G.080.040, 065) 	
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Adjournment: The next regularly scheduled PC meeting for Wednesday, November 27, 2024, is CANCELLED.

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) INFORMATION: The City of Spokane is committed to providing equal access to its facilities, programs and services for persons with disabilities. The Council Briefing Center in the lower level of Spokane City Hall, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., is wheelchair accessible and also is equipped with an infrared assistive listening system for persons with hearing loss. Headsets may be checked out (upon presentation of picture I.D.) through the meeting organizer. Individuals requesting reasonable accommodations or further information may call, write, or email Risk Management at 509.625.6221, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd, Spokane, WA, 99201; or mlovmaster@spokanecity.org. Persons who are deaf or hard of hearing may contact Risk Management through the Washington Relay Service at 7-1-1. Please contact us forty-eight (48) hours before the meeting date.

Second Wednesday - Plan Commission Meeting Information

Wednesday, November 13, 2024

Plan Commission will be held in a hybrid in-person / virtual format. Members of the public are welcome to attend in person at City Hall or online using the following information.

Microsoft Teams

Join on your computer, mobile app or room device

[Click here to join the 2nd Wednesday meeting](#)

Meeting ID:
213 698 980 677

Meeting ID: 213 698 980 677
Passcode: BgoP4d

Passcode:
BgoP4d

[Download Teams](#) | [Join on the web](#)

Join with a video conferencing device

cityofspokane@m.webex.com

Video Conference ID: 116 540 092 1

[Alternate VTC instructions](#)

Or call in (audio only)

[+1 323-618-1887](tel:+13236181887), [215215222#](tel:+1215215222) United States, Los Angeles

Phone Conference ID: 215 215 222#

[Find a local number](#) | [Reset PIN](#)

How to participate in virtual public testimony:

Sign up to give testimony by clicking on the button below. This will take you to an online google form where you can select the hearing item on which you wish to give testimony.

[SIGN UP](#)

The form will be open from 8:00am on 11/6/2024, until 1:00 p.m. on 11/13/2024. Hearings begin at 4:00 p.m. When it is your turn to testify, Plan Commission President will call your name and you can begin your testimony. You will have 3 minutes to speak.

Please note that public comments will be taken during the meeting, but the public is encouraged to continue to submit their comments or questions in writing to: plancommission@spokanecity.org

The audio proceedings of the Plan Commission meetings will be recorded and are available online.

Plan Commission & Committees

Upcoming Agenda Items (All items are subject to change)

November 27, Plan Commission (90 minutes available) Hybrid **(Cancelled)**

December 11, Plan Commission (90 minutes available) Hybrid

Workshop

Time	Item	Presenter
2:00 –2:20	Meeting Briefing	Plan Commission
2:20-3:20	Periodic Update to the Comprehensive Plan, Discussion of Scoping for Environmental Impact Study (EIS)	Tirrell Black

December 25, Plan Commission (90 minutes available) Hybrid **(Cancelled)**

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Spokane Plan Commission - Draft Minutes

Wednesday, October 23, 2024

Hybrid Meeting in Council Briefing Center & Microsoft Teams Teleconference

Meeting Minutes: Plan Commission Workshop called to order at 2:00 pm by President Greg Francis.

Public Comment: Citizens are invited to address the Plan Commission on any topic not on the agenda. 3 Minutes each.

None

Attendance for Plan Commission Workshop:

- Board Members Present: Greg Francis (President), Ryan Patterson (Vice President), Jesse Bank, David Edwards, Amber Lenhart, Saundra Neperud, Carole Shook, Tim Williams, Jill Yotz
- Board Members Not Present: None
- Non-Voting Members Present: Kitty Klitzke (Council Member Liaison), Mary Winkes (Community Assembly Liaison)
- Non-Voting Members Not present: None
- *Quorum Present: Yes*
- Staff Members Present: Spencer Gardner, Angie McCall, Ryan Shea, Tim Fischer, Tim Thompson, Ryan Benzie, Jackie Churchill

Minutes: Minutes from 10/9/2024 approved unanimously.

Briefing Session:

- **City Council Liaison Report - CM Kitty Klitzke**
 - CM Klitzke stated that it is currently budget season and has nothing else to report at this time.
- **Community Assembly Liaison Report - Mary Winkes**
 - Mary has nothing to report.
- **Commission President Report - Greg Francis**
 - President Greg Francis stated that he has nothing to report.
- **Secretary Report - Spencer Gardner**
 - Spencer stated that the Plan Commission Findings and Conclusions have been uploaded to the website and will be forwarded to City Council for consideration of adoption.
 - Spencer also shared that everyone is required to complete the OPMA training as members of a public body. Angie will be in contact with you if you have not completed the training. That is tracked and needs to be renewed every few years.

Current Agenda: The current agenda was approved unanimously.

Workshop(s):

- Selection of Transportation Commission Liaison
 - Presentation provided by staff member Spencer Gardner.
 - Questions asked and answered.
 - Discussion ensued.
- BOH Follow-Up
(amending the following SMC sections:

17A.020.060

17C.111.205, 210, 220, 235, 310, 315, 320, 325, 335, 420, 450

17C.230.020, 100, 110, 120, 130, 140

17G.080.040, 065

17H.010.040)

- Presentation provided by staff member Ryan Shea.
 - Questions asked and answered.
 - Discussion ensued.
 - *PC President Francis called a vote to affirm changes to density calculation as presented by staff. Passed 8-0-1.*
- Urban Mobility Network Proposal Overview
 - Presentation provided by staff member Spencer Gardner.
 - Questions asked and answered.
 - Discussion ensued.
 - 2025 Plan Commission Work Plan
 - Presentation provided by staff member Spencer Gardner.
 - Questions asked and answered.
 - Discussion ensued.

Workshop Adjourned at 4:05 PM.

Next regularly scheduled Plan Commission meeting will be held on November 13, 2024.

DECLARING THE SPOKANE PLAN COMMISSION'S SUPPORT OF THE PROPOSED "27 BY 2027"
URBAN MOBILITY NETWORK

WHEREAS, serious and fatal crashes are on the rise in the City of Spokane; and

WHEREAS, data from the Spokane Regional Transportation Council (SRTC) indicates that crashes involving a person walking account for only 4% of all crashes in the City of Spokane, but account for 40% of fatal crashes and 30% of crashes with serious injuries; and

WHEREAS, the Spokane City Council adopted a Complete Streets Program in 2011 with the purpose of accommodating all users in the construction of all City of Spokane transportation projects; and

WHEREAS, the City of Spokane added \$2.4 million to the \$9.6 million federal award to implement the Spokane Safe Streets for All program of projects including crosswalk improvements, ADA ramps, signal adjustments, bike lanes, shared-use pathways, and other safety and mobility projects; and

WHEREAS, adaptive design strategies offer a low-cost method of street design that use temporary traffic-calming measures, resulting in rapid installation of safety improvements to test street changes before executing permanent projects; and

WHEREAS, there are major arterial roads in the City of Spokane, such as Division Street, where a parallel route on a lower-traffic street is generally a more cost-effective and efficient way to provide for travel by bicycle compared to a bicycle facility on the major arterial; and

WHEREAS, some major arterial roads, such as Division Street, lack the necessary right-of-way to safely and efficiently prioritize people riding transit, walking, or biking equally without negatively impacting congestion, safety, and multi-modal uses on other transportation corridors in the City's transportation network; and

WHEREAS, local-access residential streets across much of the City of Spokane already exhibit characteristics, such as low speeds and low volumes of automobiles, that are conducive to comfortable travel on foot or on wheels; and

WHEREAS, a fully-connected network is critical to the usability and comfort for people traveling by bicycle; and

WHEREAS, on November 4, 2024 the Spokane City Council unanimously adopted RES 2024-0103 in support of the proposed "27 by 2027" Urban Mobility Network;

NOW THEREFORE, BE IT ESTABLISHED that the City of Spokane Plan Commission registers its support of the "27 by 2027" Urban Mobility Network as proposed by City staff and approved by City Council.



STAFF REPORT

PLANNING AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES DEPARTMENT

To:	Plan Commission	
Subject:	BOH Follow Up Code Fixes	
Staff Contact:	Ryan Shea Planner II rshea@spokanecity.org	Spencer Gardner Planning Director sgardner@spokanecity.org
Report Date:	November 5, 2024	
Hearing Date:	November 13, 2024	
Recommendation:	Approval	

I. SUMMARY

The proposal amends 17A.020.060 "F" Definitions, 17C.111.205 Development Standards Tables, 17C.111.210 Density, 17C.111.220 Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage, 17C.111.235 Setbacks, 17C.111.310 Open Space, 17C.111.315 Entrances, 17C.111.320 Windows, 17C.111.325 Building Articulation, 17C.111.335 Parking Facilities, 17C.111.420 Open Spaces, 17C.111.450 Pitched Roofs, 17C.230.020 Vehicle Parking Summary Table, 17C.230.100 General Standards, 17C.230.110 Minimum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.120 Maximum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.130 Parking Exceptions, 17C.230.140 Development Standards, 17G.080.040 Short Subdivisions, and 17G.080.065 Unit Lot Subdivisions.

II. BACKGROUND

In November of 2023 the City of Spokane adopted new zoning regulations for lower-intensity residential zones. These changes, referred to as "Building Opportunity for Housing" (BOH) were intended to permanently implement the temporary changes put in place by the Building Opportunities and Choices for All program (BOCA).

BOH was a major change to The City's zoning regulations. As staff have worked with developers and property owners to implement the new regulations, some areas have been identified that need clarification or further refinement. This is an expected aspect of adopting major changes to the development code.

These corrections are intended to fix errors, clarify, and create more flexibility within the Spokane Unified Development Code (Title 17).

III. PROCESS

DEVELOPMENT CODE AMENDMENT PROCEDURE

Article III Section 21, Amendments and Repeals, of the City of Spokane Charter provides for the ability of amendments of the Charter and Spokane Municipal Code through ordinances. Title 17 is known as the Unified Development Code (UDC) and is incorporated into the Spokane Municipal Code to implement the City's Comprehensive Plan, and by reference, the requirements of the Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA). Section [17G.025.010](#) establishes the procedure and decision criteria that the City uses to review and amend the UDC. The City may approve amendments to the UDC if it is found that a proposed amendment is consistent with the provisions of the Comprehensive Plan, and bears a substantial relation to public health, safety, welfare, and protection of the environment.

Role of the City Plan Commission

The proposed text amendments require a review process set forth in Section 17G.025.010(F) SMC. The Plan Commission is responsible for holding a public hearing and forwarding its findings, conclusions, and recommendations to the City

Council. Utilizing the decision criteria in 17G.025 SMC, the Plan Commission may recommend approval, modification, or denial of the proposal.

The Plan Commission may incorporate the facts and findings of the staff report as the basis for its recommendation to the City Council or may modify the findings as necessary to support their final recommendation.

Role of City Council

The City Council will also conduct a review process considering the proposed text amendment, public comments and testimony, the staff report, and the Plan Commission’s recommendation. The final decision to approve, modify, or deny the proposed amendment rests with the City Council. Proposals adopted by ordinance after public hearings are official amendments to the Spokane Municipal Code.

COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT

Plan Commission Workshops	August 28, 2024
	September 11, 2024
	October 9, 2024
	October 23, 2024
Project Webpage Goes Live	October 15, 2024
Project Posted in the City Gazette	October 16, 2024
SEPA Determination of Non-significance issued	October 29, 2024
Description of Project & Hearing in PlanSpokane Newsletter	November 7, 2024
Plan Commission Public Hearing	November 13, 2024

SEPA REVIEW

As outlined in Section 17G.025.010 SMC, notices of proposals to amend the UDC are distributed and interested parties should be made aware of such proposals during the Plan Commission review, including the SEPA checklist and determination. Similarly, a public notice published in the *Spokesman-Review* fourteen days prior to the Plan Commission public hearing is required.

This proposal was properly noticed pursuant to Section 17G.025.010(E). See **Exhibit B** for the SEPA Determination of Non-significance issued on October 30, 2024 for the proposed code amendments.

COMMENTS RECEIVED

- No comments were received as of November 5, 2024. All comments received between November 5, 2024 and November 13, 2024 will be forwarded to the Plan Commission prior to their public hearing.

IV. ANALYSIS

PROPOSAL DESCRIPTION

The proposed amendments are described below.

- **17A.020.060 "F" Definitions**
 - Added definitions for "Front Facade" and "Side Street Façade" to establish consistent terminology throughout Title 17.
- **17C.111.205 Development Standards Tables**
 - Clarify that projects within RMF and RHD that are exempted from the requirements of the Spokane Regional Stormwater Manual should use the impervious coverage requirements of the R1 zone.
 - Rename "outdoor area" to "open space" because some types of qualifying open space can be indoor amenities.
 - Rename "common outdoor area" to "common open space."
- **17C.111.210 Density:**
 - Change density calculation to gross area rather than net area.
 - Specify that for subdivisions in R1 and R2 zones, one lot is counted as one dwelling unit. This clarifies how minimum density requirements are met during a land use action where building plans with a defined number of units may not exist.
 - Ensure that no matter what a density calculation says, a property is allowed to have a minimum of six units (ensures compliance with [HB 1110](#)).
 - Clarify that minimum density does not apply when new construction occurs on an existing lot. This helps provide leeway for existing lower density lots. Construction occurring brings them closer to compliance to minimum density.
 - Provide guidance for how to apply minimum density for subdivisions on a property with an existing structure.
 - Small changes describing how to calculate density, including providing example calculations.
 - Current code does not require critical areas be subtracted from density calculations and states that it "may" be removed. This was inadvertently changed in a previous draft. Reverted proposed language back to remain consistent with current code and Plan Commission's recommendation to not require critical areas be deducted from the density calculation.
- **17C.111.220 Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage**
 - Removed outdated references to Floor Area Ratio (FAR) requirements.
- **17C.111.235 Setbacks**
 - Reinstate allowance for covered front porch to extend into front setback up to six feet. This was mistakenly removed during previous code changes.
- **17C.111.310 Open Space**
 - Rename from "Outdoor Areas" to "Open Space" because some types of qualifying open space may be indoor amenities.
 - Rename "common outdoor area" to "common open space."
 - Clarify that private open space must be met in whole. It can't be partially met with the remainder going to common open space.
 - Clarify how units whose open space is provided via common open space are identified.
 - Clarify how to count open space when multiple common open spaces are provided.
- **17C.111.315 Entrances**
 - Clarify that houses adjacent to a courtyard, common green, or other form of common open space can front onto the courtyard and are not required to face the street. This allows for more flexibility permitting cottage-housing style development where each unit is fronting a common courtyard.
- **17C.111.320 Windows**
 - Clarify that for living units attached to garages, the window requirement is only applicable to the part of the facade related to living unit (such as an ADU above a garage).
 - Clarify that window requirements don't apply to facades that are not visible from the street or 60' away from a street lot line. Add supporting graphics.

- Don't apply window requirements to garages. For some one-story home designs applying the garage to the window requirements was creating untenable situations where too many square feet of window was required and resulted in undesirable design alternatives.
- **17C.111.325 Building Articulation**
 - Clarify that attached houses are treated as a single building for this section. This helps prevent scenarios where attached homes separated by lot lines may have avoided these requirements.
 - Clarify exceptions for ADUs above a garage and for facades not visible from the street or 60' away from a street lot line. Add supporting graphics.
 - Adjust building modulation rules to be more flexible by:
 - increasing the width at which modulation is required (increase from 30' to 40')
 - allowing for bay windows or bump-outs to meet the requirement
 - allowing for a covered porch to meet the requirement
 - Adjust requirements for design features on long facades to be more flexible as follows:
 - increasing the width at which modulation is required (increase from 30' to 40')
 - clarify that the building modulation requirement can count towards the required design features
 - Provide specific examples to make requirements clearer.
 - Encourage consideration for incorporating historic features from nearby structures into new construction.
- **17C.111.335 Parking Facilities**
 - Clarify that garage opening requirements don't apply to facades that are not visible from the street or 60' away from a street lot line. Add supporting graphics.
 - Provide more flexibility through the following:
 - Exempting garages on corner lots that face the side street
 - Allowing a single-car garage to be even with the house instead of stepped back
 - Allowing a covered porch to count towards the step-back requirement for a garage
 - Exempting garages that are turned to face the side lot line as long as the facade meets other design standards (e.g. windows)
 - Clarifying that detached garages should not be located between the primary structure and the street, with exceptions provided for limited situations.
 - Provide limited exceptions for the 36' driveway approach separation requirement.
 - Add in exceptions to 50% garage rule allowing for multi-story narrow units with small garages on first floor per Plan Commission's recommendations.
- **17C.111.420 Open Spaces**
 - Fix inadvertent conflict in how to measure distance to a park. The measurement should occur from the property boundary.
- **17C.111.450 Pitched Roofs**
 - Repeal as it is undesirable to have this requirement be more burdensome on RMF/RHD development than what is allowed in R1/R2.
- **17C.230.020 Vehicle Parking Summary Table**
 - New table summarizing required/allowed parking amounts consistent with recent removal of all minimum parking requirements.
- **17C.230.100 General Standards**
 - Remove elements related to parking minimums per recent Council action to remove minimums.
 - Minor wording changes.
- **17C.230.110 Minimum Required Parking Spaces**
 - Remove current language and state no minimum spaces are required, consistent with recent removal of all minimum parking requirements.
- **17C.230.120 Maximum Required Parking Spaces**
 - Remove Table 17C.230.120-1 and relocate information to 17C.230.020.
- **17C.230.130 Parking Exceptions**
 - Remove Table 17C.230.130-1 and relocate information to 17C.230.020.
 - Remove elements related to parking minimums.
- **17C.230.140 Development Standards**
 - Remove language referring to City applying surfacing requirements retroactively
 - Remove Table 17C.230.140-1 and apply same dimensional requirements across all zones

- Clarify curbing requirements on private driveways to only apply adjacent to parking stalls and parking aisles
- Extend exceptions for marked parking for detached homes to apply to Middle Housing as well (per HB 1110 requirement to treat them equally)
- **17G.080.040 Short Subdivisions**
 - Clarifications to submittal requirements regarding electronic submittals.
 - Wording clarifications.
- **17G.080.065 Unit Lot Subdivisions**
 - Clarify parent site requirements.
 - Clarify that common space may be owned by an HOA that is larger than the Unit Lot portion of a development.
 - Clarify that an ADU lot may be created whether it is existing or planned.
 - Add section with requirements for combining a Unit Lot Subdivision with a regular long plat or short plat.
 - Clarify that parent sites within a larger plat are limited to 2 acres total.
 - Remove requirement for utility lines to branch from a common line.

IMPLEMENTATION OF COMPREHENSIVE PLAN GOALS AND POLICIES

Section [17G.025.010](#) SMC establishes the review criteria for text amendments to the Unified Development Code. In order to approve a text amendment, City Council shall consider the findings and recommendations of the Plan Commission along with the approval criteria outlined in the Code. The applicable criteria are shown below in *bold and italic* with staff analysis following the complete list. Review of the Comprehensive Plan goals and policies indicates that the proposal meets the approval criteria for internal consistency set forth in SMC 17G.025.010(G).

17G.025.010(G) Approval criteria

1. The proposed amendment is consistent with the applicable provisions of the comprehensive plan.

Staff Analysis: The proposed amendments do not alter the outcomes of the Unified Development Code (UDC) and therefore remains consistent with the various comprehensive plan goals of managing land use in an efficient manner. Furthermore, clarifying or correcting errors in the UDC helps further goals of transparency in government.

2. The proposed amendment bears a substantial relation to public health, safety, welfare, and protection of the environment.

Staff Analysis: The purpose of development regulations in the UDC is to provide a vehicle to implement the City's comprehensive plan, and by reference, the requirements of the Washington State Growth Management Act (GMA). The UDC includes community goals that bear a substantial relation to public health, safety, welfare, and protection of the environment and the proposed amendments to clarify or correct errors to the code language help further implement those goals.

V. DISCUSSION

The proposed text amendments clarify and correct errors within the UDC ensuring that the implementation and enforcement of the development regulations are more straightforward for City staff and provide additional flexibility for development. The amendments also provide clarity for applicants as to what is expected for land use and building applications.

VI. CONCLUSION

Based on the facts and findings presented herein, staff concludes that the requested text amendments to the Unified Development Code satisfy the applicable criteria for approval as set forth in SMC Section 17G.025.010. To comply with RCW 36.70A.370 the proposed text amendments have been evaluated to ensure proposed changes do not result in unconstitutional takings of private property.

VII. STAFF RECOMMENDATION

Following the close of public testimony and deliberation regarding conclusions with respect to the review criteria and decision criteria detailed in SMC 17G.025.010, Plan Commission will need to make a recommendation to City Council for approval or denial of the requested code amendments to the Unified Development Code.

Staff **recommends approval** of the requested text amendments to 17A.020.060 "F" Definitions, 17C.111.205 Development Standards Tables, 17C.111.210 Density, 17C.111.220 Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage, 17C.111.235 Setbacks, 17C.111.310 Open Space, 17C.111.315 Entrances, 17C.111.320 Windows, 17C.111.325 Building Articulation, 17C.111.335 Parking Facilities, 17C.111.420 Open Spaces, 17C.111.450 Pitched Roofs, 17C.230.020 Vehicle Parking Summary Table, 17C.230.100 General Standards, 17C.230.110 Minimum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.120 Maximum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.130 Parking Exceptions, 17C.230.140 Development Standards, 17G.080.040 Short Subdivisions, and 17G.080.065 Unit Lot Subdivisions.

VIII. LIST OF EXHIBITS

- A. Proposed text amendments
- B. Noticing Requirements
 - a. City Gazette Posting (10/16/24)
 - b. Signed SEPA Determination of Non-significance (10/29/24)
 - c. Newspaper Postings (10/30/24 & 11/06/24)

EXHIBIT A

Section 17A.020.060 “F” Definitions

A. Facade.

All the wall planes of a structure as seen from one side or view. ~~((For example, the front facade of a building would include all of the wall area that would be shown on the front elevation of the building plans.))~~

1. Front Facade.

The facade facing the Front Lot Line as defined in SMC 17A.020.120(T). For example, the Front Facade of a building would include all of the wall area that would be shown on the front elevation of the building plans.

2. Side Street Facade.

The facade facing a Side Street Lot Line as defined in SMC 17A.020.120(T).

B. Facade Easement.

A use interest, as opposed to an ownership interest, in the property of another. The easement is granted by the owner to the City or County and restricts the owner’s exercise of the general and natural rights of the property on which the easement lies. The purpose of the easement is the continued preservation of significant exterior features of a structure.

C. Facility and Service Provider.

The department, district, or agency responsible for providing the specific concurrency facility.

D. Factory-built Structure.

1. “Factory-built housing” is any structure designed primarily for human occupancy, other than a mobile home, the structure or any room of which is either entirely or substantially prefabricated or assembled at a place other than a building site.
2. “Factory-built commercial structure” is a structure designed or used for human habitation or human occupancy for industrial, educational, assembly, professional, or commercial purposes, the structure or any room of which is either entirely or substantially prefabricated or assembled at a place other than a building site.

E. Fair Market Value.

The open market bid price for conducting the work, using the equipment and facilities, and purchase of the goods, services, and materials necessary to accomplish the development. This would normally equate to the cost of hiring a contractor to undertake the development from start to finish, including the cost of labor, materials, equipment and facility usage, transportation and contractor overhead, and profit. The fair market value of the development shall include the fair market value of any donated, contributed, or found labor, equipment, or materials.

F. Fascia Sign.

See SMC 17C.240.015.

G. Feasible (Shoreline Master Program).

1. For the purpose of the shoreline master program, means that an action, such as a development project, mitigation, or preservation requirement, meets all of the following conditions:
 - a. The action can be accomplished with technologies and methods that have been used in the past in similar circumstances, or studies or tests have demonstrated in similar circumstances that such approaches are currently available and likely to achieve the intended results;
 - b. The action provides a reasonable likelihood of achieving its intended purpose; and
 - c. The action does not physically preclude achieving the project's primary intended legal use.
2. In cases where these guidelines require certain actions, unless they are infeasible, the burden of proving infeasibility is on the applicant.
3. In determining an action's infeasibility, the reviewing agency may weigh the action's relative public costs and public benefits, considered in the short- and long-term time frames.

H. Feature.

To give special prominence to.

I. Feeder Bluff.

Or “erosional bluff” means any bluff (or cliff) experiencing periodic erosion from waves, sliding, or slumping, and/or whose eroded sand or gravel material is naturally transported (littoral drift) via a driftway to an accretion shoreform; these natural sources of beach material are limited and vital for the long-term stability of driftways and accretion shoreforms.

J. Fill.

The addition of soil, sand, rock, gravel, sediment, earth retaining structure, or other material to an area waterward of the ordinary high-water mark in wetlands, or on shorelands in a manner that raises the elevation or creates dry land.

K. Financial Guarantee.

A secure method, in a form and in an amount both of which are acceptable to the city attorney, providing for and securing to the City the actual construction and installation of any improvements required in connection with plat and/or building permit approval within a period specified by the City, and/or securing to the City the successful operation of the improvements for two years after the City’s final inspection and acceptance of such improvements. There are two types of financial guarantees under chapter 17D.020 SMC, Financial Guarantees: Performance guarantee and performance/warranty retainer.

L. Fish Habitat.

A complex of physical, chemical, and biological conditions that provide the life-supporting and reproductive needs of a species or life stage of fish. Although the habitat requirements of a species depend on its age and activity, the basic components of fish habitat in rivers, streams, ponds, lakes, estuaries, marine waters, and near-shore areas include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Clean water and appropriate temperatures for spawning, rearing, and holding.
2. Adequate water depth and velocity for migrating, spawning, rearing, and holding, including off-channel habitat.
3. Abundance of bank and in-stream structures to provide hiding and resting areas and stabilize stream banks and beds.
4. Appropriate substrates for spawning and embryonic development. For stream- and lake-dwelling fishes, substrates range from sands and gravel to rooted vegetation or submerged rocks and logs. Generally, substrates must be relatively stable and free of silts or fine sand.

5. Presence of riparian vegetation as defined in this program. Riparian vegetation creates a transition zone, which provides shade and food sources of aquatic and terrestrial insects for fish.
6. Unimpeded passage (i.e., due to suitable gradient and lack of barriers) for upstream and downstream migrating juveniles and adults.

M. Fiveplex.

A building that contains five dwelling units on the same lot that share a common wall or common floor/ceiling.

N. Flag.

See SMC 17C.240.015.

O. Float.

A floating platform similar to a dock that is anchored or attached to pilings.

P. Flood Insurance Rate Map or FIRM.

The official map on which the Federal Insurance Administration has delineated both the areas of special flood hazards and the risk premium zones applicable to the City.

Q. Flood Insurance Study (FIS).

The official report provided by the Federal Insurance Administration that includes flood profiles, the Flood Boundary-Floodway Map, and the water surface elevation of the base flood.

R. Flood or Flooding.

1. A general and temporary condition of partial or complete inundation of normally dry land areas from:
 - a. The overflow of inland waters;
 - b. The unusual and rapid accumulation of runoff of surface waters from any source; or
 - c. Mudslides or mudflows, which are proximately caused by flooding as defined in section (1)(b) of this definition and are akin to a river of liquid and flowing mud on the surfaces of normally dry land

areas, as when earth is carried by a current of water and deposited along the path of the current.

2. The collapse or subsidence of land along the shore of a lake or other body of water as a result of erosion or undermining caused by waves or currents of water exceeding anticipated cyclical levels or suddenly caused by an unusually high water level in a natural body of water, accompanied by a severe storm, or by an unanticipated force of nature, such as flash flood or an abnormal tidal surge, or by some similarly unusual and unforeseeable event which results in flooding as defined in section (1)(a) of this definition.

S. Flood Elevation Study.

An examination, evaluation and determination of flood hazards and, if appropriate, corresponding water surface elevations, or an examination, evaluation and determination of mudslide or mudflow, and/or flood-related erosion hazards. Also known as a Flood Insurance Study (FIS).

T. Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM).

The official map of a community, on which the Federal Insurance Administrator has delineated both the special hazard areas and the risk premium zones applicable to the community. A FIRM that has been made available digitally is called a Digital Flood Insurance Rate Map (DFIRM).

U. Floodplain or Flood Prone Area.

Any land area susceptible to being inundated by water from any source. See "Flood or Flooding."

V. Floodplain administrator.

The community official designated by title to administer and enforce the floodplain management regulations.

W. Floodway.

1. As identified in the Shoreline Master Program:, the area that either:
 - a. The floodway is the area that either

- i. has been established in federal emergency management agency flood insurance rate maps or floodway maps; or
 - ii. consists of those portions of a river valley lying streamward from the outer limits of a watercourse upon which flood waters are carried during periods of flooding that occur with reasonable regularity, although not necessarily annually, said floodway being identified, under normal condition, by changes in surface soil conditions or changes in types or quality of vegetative ground cover condition, topography, or other indicators of flooding that occurs with reasonable regularity, although not necessarily annually.
 - b. Regardless of the method used to identify the floodway, the floodway shall not include those lands that can reasonably be expected to be protected from flood waters by flood control devices maintained by or maintained under license from the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state.
2. For floodplain management purposes, the floodway is the channel of a river or other watercourse and the adjacent land areas that must be reserved in order to discharge the base flood without cumulatively increasing the water surface elevation more than a designated height. Also referred to as "Regulatory Floodway."

X. Floor Area.

The total floor area of the portion of a building that is above ground. Floor area is measured from the exterior faces of a building or structure. Floor area does not include the following:

1. Areas where the elevation of the floor is four feet or more below the lowest elevation of an adjacent right-of way.
2. Roof area, including roof top parking.
3. Roof top mechanical equipment.
4. Attic area with a ceiling height less than six feet nine inches.
5. Porches, exterior balconies, or other similar areas, unless they are enclosed by walls that are more than forty-two inches in height, for fifty percent or more of their perimeter; and
6. In residential zones, FAR does not include mechanical structures, uncovered horizontal structures, covered accessory structures, attached accessory structures (without living space), detached accessory structures (without living space).

Y. Flood Proofing.

Any combination of structural and nonstructural additions, changes, or adjustments to structures which reduce or eliminate risk of flood damage to real estate or improved real property, water and sanitary facilities, structures, and their contents. Flood proofed structures are those that have the structural integrity and design to be impervious to floodwater below the Base Flood Elevation.

Z. Floor Area Ratio (FAR).

The amount of floor area in relation to the amount of site area, expressed in square feet. For example, a floor area ratio of two to one means two square feet of floor area for every one square foot of site area.

AA. Focused Growth Area.

Includes mixed-use district centers, neighborhood centers, and employment centers.

AB. Fourplex.

A building that contains four dwelling units on the same lot that share a common wall or common floor/ceiling.

AC. Frame Effect.

A visual effect on an electronic message sign applied to a single frame to transition from one message to the next. This term shall include, but not be limited to scrolling, fade, and dissolve. This term shall not include flashing.

AD. Freestanding Sign.

See SMC 17C.240.015.

AE. Frontage.

The full length of a plot of land or a building measured alongside the road on to which the plot or building fronts. In the case of contiguous buildings individual frontages are usually measured to the middle of any party wall.

AF. Functionally Dependent Water-Use.

A use that cannot perform its intended purpose unless it is located or carried out in close proximity to water. The term includes only docking facilities, port facilities that are necessary for the loading and unloading of cargo or passengers, and ship building and ship repair facilities, and does not include long term storage or related manufacturing facilities.

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Section 17C.111.205 Development Standards Tables

Development standards that apply within the residential zones are provided in Tables 17C.111.205-1 through 17C.111.205-3.

TABLE 17C.111.205-1 LOT DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS [1]					
	RA	R1	R2	RMF	RHD
DENSITY STANDARDS					
Maximum density on sites 2 acres or less [2][3]	No maximum	No maximum	No maximum	No maximum	No maximum
Maximum density on sites larger than 2 acres [2]	10 units/acre	10 units/acre	20 units/acre	No maximum	No maximum
Minimum density [2]	4 units/acre	4 units/acre	10 units/acre	15 units/acre	15 units/acre
LOT DIMENSIONS FOR SUBDIVISIONS AND SHORT SUBDIVISIONS					
Minimum lot area	7,200 sq. ft.	1,200 sq. ft.	1,200 sq. ft.	1,200 sq. ft.	1,200 sq. ft.
Minimum lot width with no driveway approach [4]	40 ft.	15 ft.	15 ft.	15 ft.	15 ft.
Minimum lot width with driveway approach [4]	40 ft.	36 ft.	36 ft.	25 ft.	25 ft.
Minimum lot width within Airfield Overlay Zone	40 ft.	40 ft.	36 ft.	25 ft.	25 ft.
Minimum lot depth	80 ft.	80 ft.	40 ft.	N/A	N/A
Minimum lot frontage	40 ft.	Same as minimum lot width	Same as minimum lot width	Same as minimum lot width	Same as minimum lot width
MINIMUM LOT DIMENSIONS FOR UNIT LOT SUBDIVISIONS					
Minimum parent lot area	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum
Maximum parent lot area	2 acres	2 acres	2 acres	2 acres	2 acres
Minimum child lot area	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum
Minimum child lot depth	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum	No minimum
LOT COVERAGE					

Maximum total building coverage [5][6][7]	50%	65%	80%	100%	100%
Maximum lot impervious coverage without engineer's stormwater drainage plan - not in ADC [5][8][9]	50%	60%	60%	N/A	N/A
Maximum lot impervious coverage without engineer's stormwater drainage plan - inside ADC [5][8][9]	40%	40%	40%	N/A	N/A

Notes:

[1] Plan district, overlay zone, or other development standards contained in Title 17C SMC may supersede these standards.

[2] See SMC 17C.111.210 for applicability of minimum and maximum density standards in the residential zones.

[3] Development within Airfield Overlay Zones is further regulated as described in SMC 17C.180.090, Limited Use Standards.

[4] Lots with vehicle access only from an alley are not considered to have a "driveway approach" for the purposes of this standard.

[5] Lot and building coverage calculation includes all primary and accessory structures.

[6] Building coverage for attached housing is calculated based on the overall development site, rather than individual lots.

[7] Developments meeting certain criteria relating to transit, Centers & Corridors, or housing affordability are given a bonus for building coverage. See SMC 17C.111.225 for detailed eligibility criteria.

[8] Projects may exceed impervious coverage requirements by including an engineer's drainage plan in submittals, subject to review by the City Engineer as described in SMC 17D.060.135. "ADC" means Area of Drainage Concern.

[9] Projects in the RMF and RHD zones that are exempted from review under the Spokane Regional Stormwater Manual shall follow the impervious coverage requirements of the R1 zone.

TABLE 17C.111.205-2 BUILDING AND SITING STANDARDS [1]					
	RA	R1	R2	RMF	RHD
PRIMARY BUILDINGS					
Floor area ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Maximum building footprint per primary building - lot area 7,000 sq. ft. or less	N/A	2,450 sq. ft.	2,450 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A
Maximum building footprint per primary building - lot area more than 7,000 sq. ft.	N/A	35%	35%	N/A	N/A

Maximum building height [2]	35 ft.	40 ft.	40 ft.	55 ft.	75 ft.
Minimum Setbacks					
Front [3]	15 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.
Interior side lot line - lot width 40 ft or less ((3))	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.	3 ft.
Interior side lot line - lot width more than 40 ft [4] [5]	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.
Street side lot line – all lot widths	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.
Attached garage or carport entrance from street	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.
Rear	25 ft.	15 ft.	15 ft.	10 ft.	10 ft.
ACCESSORY DWELLING UNITS					
Maximum building footprint for accessory dwelling unit - lot area 5,500 sq. ft. or less	1,100 sq. ft.	1,100 sq. ft.	1,100 sq. ft.	1,100 sq. ft.	1,100 sq. ft.
Maximum building footprint for accessory dwelling unit - lots larger than 5,500 sq. ft.	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Maximum building height	25 ft.	25 ft.	25 ft.	25 ft.	25 ft.
Minimum side lot line setbacks [5] [6]	Same as Primary Structure				
Minimum rear setback with alley [4] [5] [6]	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.
Minimum rear setback no alley	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.
OTHER ACCESSORY STRUCTURES					
Maximum lot coverage for accessory structures – lots 5,500 sq. ft. or less	20%	20%	20%	See Primary Structure	See Primary Structure
Maximum lot coverage for accessory structures – lots larger than 5,500 sq. ft.	20%	15%	15%	See Primary Structure	See Primary Structure
Maximum building height	30 ft.	20 ft.	20 ft.	35 ft.	35 ft.
Minimum side lot line setbacks [4] [5] [6]	Same as Primary Structure				
Minimum rear setback with alley	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.	0 ft.
Minimum rear setback no alley	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.	5 ft.
OPEN SPACE [7]					
Minimum open space per unit [8]	250 sq. ft.	250 sq. ft.	250 sq. ft.	Studio: 48 sq. ft. per unit	Studio: 48 sq. ft. per unit

				1- bedroom: 75 sq. ft. per unit	1- bedroom: 75 sq. ft. per unit
				2+ bedrooms: 150 sq. ft. per unit	2+ bedrooms: 100 sq. ft. per unit
					Sites 20,000 sq. ft. or less: 36 sq. ft. per unit
Minimum common open space per unit as a substitute for private area - first six units	200 sq. ft.	200 sq. ft.	200 sq. ft.	Studio: 48 sq. ft. per unit	Studio: 48 sq. ft. per unit
				1- bedroom: 75 sq. ft. per unit	1- bedroom: 75 sq. ft. per unit
				2+ bedrooms: 150 sq. ft. per unit	2+ bedrooms: 100 sq. ft. per unit
					Sites 20,000 sq. ft. or less: 36 sq. ft. per unit
Minimum common open space per unit as a substitute for private area - all units after six	150 sq. ft.	150 sq. ft.	150 sq. ft.	Studio: 36 sq. ft. per unit	Studio: 36 sq. ft. per unit

				1- bedroom: 48 sq. ft. per unit	1- bedroom: 48 sq. ft. per unit
				2+ bedrooms: 48 sq. ft. per unit	2+ bedrooms: 48 sq. ft. per unit
					Sites 20,000 sq. ft. or less: 25 sq. ft. per unit

Notes:

[1] Plan district, overlay zone, or other development standards contained in Title 17C SMC may supersede these standards.

[2] Base zone height may be modified according to SMC 17C.111.230, Height.

[3] Certain elements such as covered porches may extend into the front setback. See SMC 17C.111.235, Setbacks.

[4] There is an additional angled setback from the interior side lot line. Refer to SMC 17C.111.230(C) and 17C.111.235(E) for more detail.

[5] Setbacks for a detached accessory structure and a covered accessory structure may be reduced to zero feet with a signed waiver from the neighboring property owner as specified in SMC 17C.111.240(C).

[6] Accessory structures may be subject to an additional side setback adjacent to streets as specified in 17C.111.240(C)(5).

[7] Residential units with a continuous pedestrian route as defined in SMC Section 17C.111.420(B) from the property boundary to a public park within 800 feet shall have a minimum of not more than 36 square feet of open space per unit.

[8] Common open space may be substituted for private outdoor area according to SMC 17C.111.310.

TABLE 17C.111.205-3 DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS FOR PROPERTIES QUALIFYING FOR DEVELOPMENT BONUS [1] [2]					
	RA	R1	R2	RMF	RHD
LOT COVERAGE					
Maximum total building coverage	N/A	80%	90%	100%	100%
PRIMARY BUILDINGS					
Floor area ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Maximum building footprint per primary building - lot area 7,000 sq. ft. or less	N/A	2,450 sq. ft.	2,450 sq. ft.	N/A	N/A
Maximum building footprint per primary building - lot area more than 7,000 sq. ft.	N/A	35%	35%	N/A	N/A
<p>Notes:</p> <p>[1] Standards not addressed in this table are consistent with the general standards in Tables 17C.111.205-1 and 17C.111.205-2.</p> <p>[2] Criteria to qualify for Development Bonuses is outlined in SMC 17C.111.225.</p>					

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Section 17C.111.210 Density

A. Purpose.

The number of dwellings per unit of land, the density, is controlled so that housing can match the availability of public services. The use of density minimums ensures that in areas with the highest level of public services, ~~((that))~~ the service capacity is not wasted and that the City's housing goals are met.

B. Unless specifically exempted, all residential development shall meet the minimum and maximum densities provided in Table 17C.111.205-1.

~~((B))~~C. ((Calculating)) Gross Density Used.

The calculation of density for a subdivision or residential development is ~~((net area and is))~~ based on the total (gross) area of the subject property ~~((, less the area set aside for right-of-way and tracts of land dedicated for stormwater facilities. Land within a critical area (see definitions under chapter 17A.020 SMC) may be subtracted from the calculation of density. When the calculation of density results in a fraction, the density allowed is rounded up to the next whole number. For example, a calculation in which lot area, divided by minimum unit area equals 4.35 units, the number is rounded up to five units))~~.

~~((C.))~~ Maximum Density Applicability and Calculation.

- ~~1. The maximum density standards in Table 17C.111.205-1 shall be met only when the development site exceeds 2 acres in area. In such cases, the following apply:~~
 - ~~a. If a land division is proposed, the applicant must demonstrate how the proposed lots can meet maximum density once construction is completed.~~
 - ~~b. If no land division is proposed, maximum density must be met at the time of development.~~
 - ~~c. Maximum density is based on the zone and size of the site. The following formula is used to determine the maximum number of units allowed on the site:
Square footage of site, less the area set aside for right-of-way and tracts of land dedicated for stormwater facilities;
Divided by maximum density from Table 17C.111.205-1;
Equals maximum number of units allowed. If this formula results in a decimal fraction, the resulting maximum number of units allowed is rounded up to the next whole number. Decimal fractions of five~~

~~tenths or greater are rounded up. Fractions less than five tenths are rounded down.~~

- ~~2. If the development site is 2 acres or less in area, the maximum density standards do not apply.~~
- ~~3. The number of units allowed on a site is based on the presumption that all site development standards will be met.~~

~~D. Minimum Density Applicability and Calculation.~~

- ~~1. The minimum density standards in Table 17C.111.205-1 shall be met under the following circumstances:
 - ~~a. A land division is proposed.~~
 - ~~b. In such cases, the applicant must demonstrate how the proposed lots can meet minimum density once construction is completed.~~
 - ~~c. Minimum density standards can be modified by a PUD under SMC 17G.070.030(B)(2).~~
 - ~~d. Development is proposed in the RMF or RHD zones. In such cases, minimum density must be met at the time of development.~~~~
- ~~2. Except as provided in subsection (3), when development is proposed on an existing legal lot in the RA, R1, or R2 zones, minimum density standards do not apply.~~
- ~~3. A site with pre-existing development may not move out of conformance or further out of conformance with the minimum density standard, including sites in the RA, R1, and R2 zones (regardless of whether a land division is proposed).~~
- ~~4. Minimum density is based on the zone and size of the site, and whether there are critical areas (see definitions under chapter 17A.020 SMC). Land within a critical area may be subtracted from the calculation of density. The following formula is used to determine the minimum number of lots required on the site:
Square footage of site, less the area set aside for right-of-way and tracts of land dedicated for stormwater facilities;
Divided by minimum density from Table 17C.111.205-1;
Equals minimum number of units required.~~

~~E. Transfer of Density.~~

~~Density may be transferred from one site to another subject to the provisions of chapter 17G.070 SMC, Planned Unit Developments.)~~

D. Critical Areas May Be Subtracted.

Land within a critical area (see definitions under chapter 17A.020 SMC) may be, but is not required to be, subtracted from the calculation of density.

E. Right-of-Way May Be Subtracted.

Land dedicated as Right-of-Way may be, but is not required to be, subtracted from a calculation of density.

F. Numbers Rounded Up.

When the calculation of density results in a fraction, the density allowed or required is rounded up to the next whole number. For example, when a calculation results in 4.35 units, the number is rounded up to five units.

G. Formula.

The following formula is used to determine the maximum number of units allowed or the minimum number of units required on the site:

Square footage of site, less any land within a critical area or dedicated to right-of-way, divided by the square footage of one acre (43,560 square feet), multiplied by the density number from Table 17C.111.205-1 equals maximum number of units allowed or minimum number of units required.

Example of determining the minimum number of units with a minimum density of 4 units/acre on a 135,036 square foot (3.1 acre) site:
(135,036 square ft / 43,560 square ft/acre) * 4 units/acre = 12.4 units
(rounded up to 13 units)

Example of determining the maximum number of units with a maximum density of 20 units/acre on a 112,400 square foot (2.58 acre) site encumbered by 21,780 square feet (0.5 acre) of Critical Areas (see Title 17E):
((112,400 square feet – 21,780 square feet) / 43,560 square ft/acre) * 20 units/acre = 41.6 units (rounded up to 42 units)

If this formula results in a decimal fraction, the resulting number of units allowed is rounded up to the next whole number.

H. Land Division in R1 or R2 Zones.

If a land division is proposed in an R1 or R2 zone, the calculation of density shall count one lot as one dwelling unit.

I. Exceptions to Maximum Density Limits.

1. Development Less Than Two (2) Acres.

If the development site excluding any land within a critical area is two (2) acres or less in area, the maximum density standards shall not apply. Proposed new Right-of-Way may also be subtracted from the development site.

2. Middle Housing Allowance.

Notwithstanding any density maximum resulting from a density calculation, any combination of Middle Housing types identified under SMC 17A.020.130(J) shall be allowed on a lot up to six total units, including Accessory Dwelling Units. Such development shall still be subject to other site development standards which may limit the total amount of achievable development on the site.

J. Exceptions to Minimum Density Requirements.

1. Construction on Existing Legal Lots.

Except as provided in subsection (K), when renovation or new construction is proposed on an existing legal lot in the RA, R1, or R2 zones, minimum density shall not apply.

2. Land Divisions with Existing Structures.

When a land division is proposed on a lot below the minimum density and with an existing dwelling unit, any new lots created shall meet these density requirements. A lot which retains an existing primary structure may continue its nonconforming density.

K. Nonconforming Situations.

A site with pre-existing development may not move out of conformance or further out of conformance with the density standards, including sites in the RA, R1, and R2 zones (regardless of whether a land division is proposed).

~~(E)~~L. Transfer of Density.

Density may be transferred from one site to another subject to the provisions of chapter 17G.070 SMC, Planned Unit Developments.

M. Other Standards Apply.

The number of units allowed or required on a site is based on the presumption that all site development standards will be met. A calculation of maximum allowable density does not ensure the maximum number is achievable under other standards and regulations that govern site development.

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Section 17C.111.220 Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage

A. Purpose.

The building coverage standards, together with ~~((the floor area ratio (FAR),))~~ height and setback standards control the overall bulk of structures. They are intended to assure that taller buildings will not have such a large footprint that their total bulk will overwhelm adjacent houses. The standards also help define the form of the different zones by limiting the amount of building area allowed on a site. Additionally, the impervious coverage standards ensure that there is adequate space on a site for stormwater infiltration.

B. Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage Standards.

The maximum combined building coverage allowed on a site for all covered structures is stated in Table 17C.111.205-1.

1. “Impervious surface” is defined in SMC 17A.020.090.
2. For development applications that submit an engineer’s stormwater drainage plan pursuant to SMC 17D.060.140, total impervious coverage on a lot is not limited by this chapter, and the building coverage standards control.
3. For development applications that do not submit an engineer’s stormwater drainage plan, the maximum impervious coverage standards in Table 17C.111.205-1 must be met. The impervious coverage standards vary depending on whether or not the subject site is located in an Area of Drainage Concern pursuant to SMC 17D.060.135.

~~((C. — How to Use FAR with Building Coverage.~~

~~The FAR determines the total amount of living space within a residential structure while the maximum building site coverage determines the maximum building footprint for all structures, including garages and the primary residence(s). The FAR is defined under chapter 17A.020 SMC, Definitions. FAR does not apply to Residentially zoned areas.))~~

Section 17C.111.235 Setbacks

A. Purpose.

The setback standards for primary and accessory structures serve several purposes. They maintain light, air, separation for fire protection, and access for fire fighting. They reflect the general building scale and placement of houses in the City's neighborhoods. They promote options for privacy for neighboring properties. They provide adequate flexibility to site a building so that it may be complementary to the neighborhood, fit the topography of the site, allow for required outdoor areas, and allow for architectural diversity. They provide room for a car to park in front of a garage door without overhanging the street or sidewalk, and they enhance driver visibility when backing onto the street.

B. Applicability.

1. Setbacks are applied to all primary and accessory structures, including Accessory Dwelling Units. Setbacks for structures are applied relative to property lines. Separation between multiple structures on a lot is governed by the requirements of Title 17F SMC. Child lots created via Unit Lot Subdivision under Section 17G.080.065 SMC are only subject to the standards of this section inasmuch as they are applied to the parent lot.
2. Additional setback requirements may be applied through other sections of Title 17C SMC, including but not limited to:
 - a. Parking areas under Chapter 17C.230 SMC
 - b. Fences under Section 17C.111.230 SMC
 - c. Signs under Chapter 17C.240 SMC

C. Front, Side, and Rear Setbacks.

The required Front, Side, and Rear Setbacks for primary and accessory structures are stated in Table 17C.111.205-2. Angled setback standards are described in SMC 17C.111.235(E) and listed in Table 17C.111.235-1.

1. Extensions into Front, Side, and Rear Building Setbacks.
 - a. Minor features of a structure such as eaves, awnings, chimneys, fire escapes, bay windows and uncovered balconies may extend into a Front, Side, Rear Setback up to twenty-four (24) inches.

- b. Bays, bay windows, and uncovered balconies may extend into the Front, Side, and Rear Setback up to twenty-four (24) inches, subject to the following requirements:
 - i. Each bay, bay window, and uncovered balcony may be up to twelve (12) feet long.
 - ii. The total area of all bays and bay windows on a building facade shall not be more than thirty percent (30%) of the area of the facade.
 - iii. Bays and bay windows that project into the setback must cantilever beyond the foundation of the building; and
 - iv. The bay shall not include any doors.

c. A covered porch without Floor Area above may extend into the front setback up to six feet (6').

D. Exceptions to the Front, Side, and Rear Setbacks.

- 1. The rear yard of a lot established as of May 27, 1929, may be reduced to provide a building depth of thirty (30) feet.

E. Angled Setbacks.

- 1. Purpose.

To help new development respond to the scale and form of existing residential areas and to limit the perceived bulk and scale of buildings from adjoining properties.

- 2. Applicability.

Angled setbacks apply in the R1 and R2 zones.

- 3. Angled Setback Implementation.

Buildings are subject to an angled setback plane as follows:

- a. Starting at a height of 25 feet, the setback plane increases along a slope of 2:1 (a rate of 2 feet vertically for every 1 foot horizontally) away from the interior side setback, up to the maximum building height in Table 17C.111.205-2. The minimum setbacks that are paired with each height measurement are provided in Table 17C.111.235-1. See Figure 17C.111.235-A for examples.

- b. No portion of the building shall project beyond the Angled Setback plane described in this subsection, except as follows:
 - i. Minor extensions allowed by SMC 17C.111.235(C)(1) may project into the Angled Setback.
 - ii. Elements of the roof structure such as joists, rafters, flashing, and shingles may project into the Angled Setback.
 - iii. Dormer windows may project into the Angled Setback if the cumulative length of dormer windows is no more than fifty percent (50%) of the length of the roof line.

Figure 17C.111.235-A. Angled Setback Plane Examples

FIGURE 17C.110.235-A: Angled Setback Plane

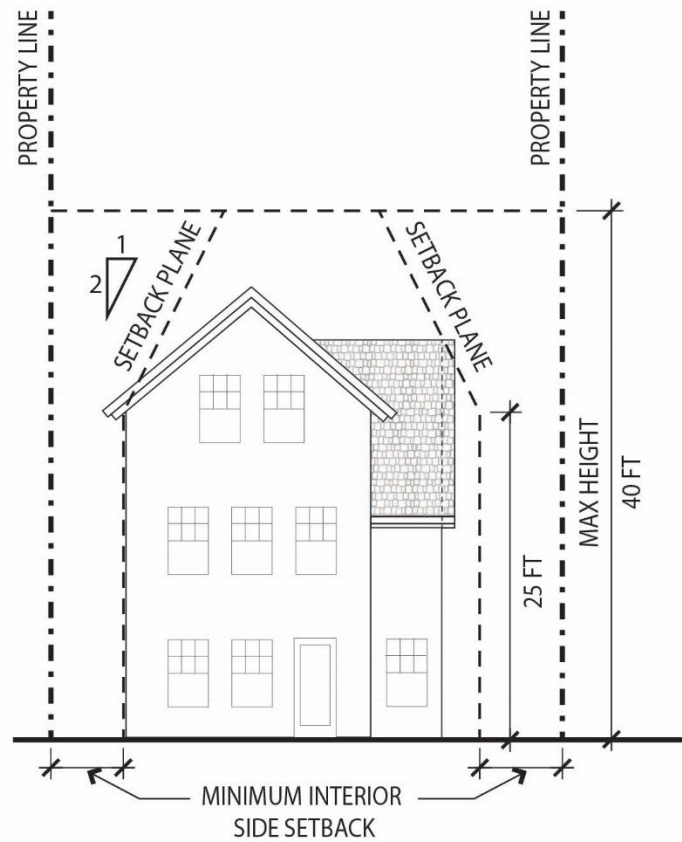


TABLE 17C.111.235-1	
ROOF SETBACK FROM SIDE LOT LINE ON LOTS IN R1 and R2 ZONES	
LOT WIDTHS 40 FT. OR LESS	
Height	Setback
25 ft.	3 ft.
27 ft.	4 ft.
29 ft.	5 ft.
31 ft.	6 ft.
33 ft.	7 ft.
35 ft.	8 ft.
40 ft.	10.5 ft.
LOT WIDTHS MORE THAN 40 FT.	
Height	Setback
25 ft.	5 ft.
27 ft.	6 ft.
29 ft.	7 ft.
31 ft.	8 ft.
33 ft.	9 ft.
35 ft.	10 ft.
40 ft.	12.5 ft.

Section 17C.111.310 ~~((Outdoor Areas))~~ Open Space

A. Purpose.

To create usable areas through the use of engaging ~~((outdoor))~~ recreational spaces for the enjoyment and health of the residents.

B. ~~((Outdoor Areas))~~ Open Space Implementation.

1. Developments shall provide ~~((outdoor areas))~~ open space in the quantity required by Table 17C.111.205-2. (R)
2. The ~~((outdoor area))~~ open space may be configured as either:
 - a. A private outdoor area, such as a balcony ~~((or))~~, patio, or private yard directly accessible from the unit;
 - b. ~~((A common))~~ One or multiple ((outdoor area)) common open spaces, such as courtyards or common greens. ((accessible by all units in the building.))
3. Developments may provide a mix of private and common open space. In developments with a mix of private and common open space, each unit shall meet the full requirements for at least one type of outdoor area. Those units making use of common open space shall meet all the standards for a common open space. Those units making use of private open space shall meet all the standards for private open space. (R)
- ~~((3))~~4. If a common ((outdoor area)) open space, such as a courtyard or common green is provided, it shall meet the following:
 - a. Each courtyard, common green, or other form of common open space shall be associated with housing units for which it is providing open space. The association shall be clearly identified in submitted plans. The association shall be established through a direct pedestrian connection from the unit to the open space.
 - ~~((a))~~b. ~~((Connected))~~ Each courtyard, common green, or other form of common open space shall be connected to each associated unit by a pedestrian ((paths)) path. A pedestrian connection from a unit to an associated common open space shall not cross a parking area and shall not require walking in the opposite direction of the open space to gain access. (R)
 - ~~((b))~~c. At least 50 percent of units associated with a courtyard, common green, or other form of common open space shall have windows that face directly onto the space or doors that ((face)) provide direct access from the unit to the common ((outdoor)) area. (R)

d. In a development with multiple common open spaces, the calculation of square footage shall occur separately for each common open space based on the number of units associated with it. The reduction of square footage after six (6) units shall only apply if that common open space has more than six (6) associated units. (R)

~~((e))~~d. ~~((Common))~~ Each common ((outdoor areas)) open space shall provide at least three of the following amenities to accommodate a variety of ages and activities. Amenities may include, but are not limited to: (P)

- i. Site furnishings (benches, tables, bike racks when not required for the development type, etc.);
- ii. Picnic areas;
- iii. Patios~~((;))~~ or plazas ~~((or courtyards))~~;
- iv. Shaded playgrounds;
- v. Rooftop gardens, planter boxes, or garden plots; ~~((or))~~
- vi. Fenced pet area~~((;))~~; or
- vii. Grass or other living ground cover suitable for recreational use.

4. ~~((Outdoor))~~ Open spaces shall not be located adjacent to dumpster enclosures, loading/service, areas or other incompatible uses that are known to cause smell or noise nuisances. ~~((P))~~ (R)

Section 17C.111.315 Entrances

A. Purpose.

To ensure that entrances are easily identifiable, clearly visible, and accessible from streets, sidewalks, and common areas, to encourage pedestrian activity and enliven the street.

B. Applicability.

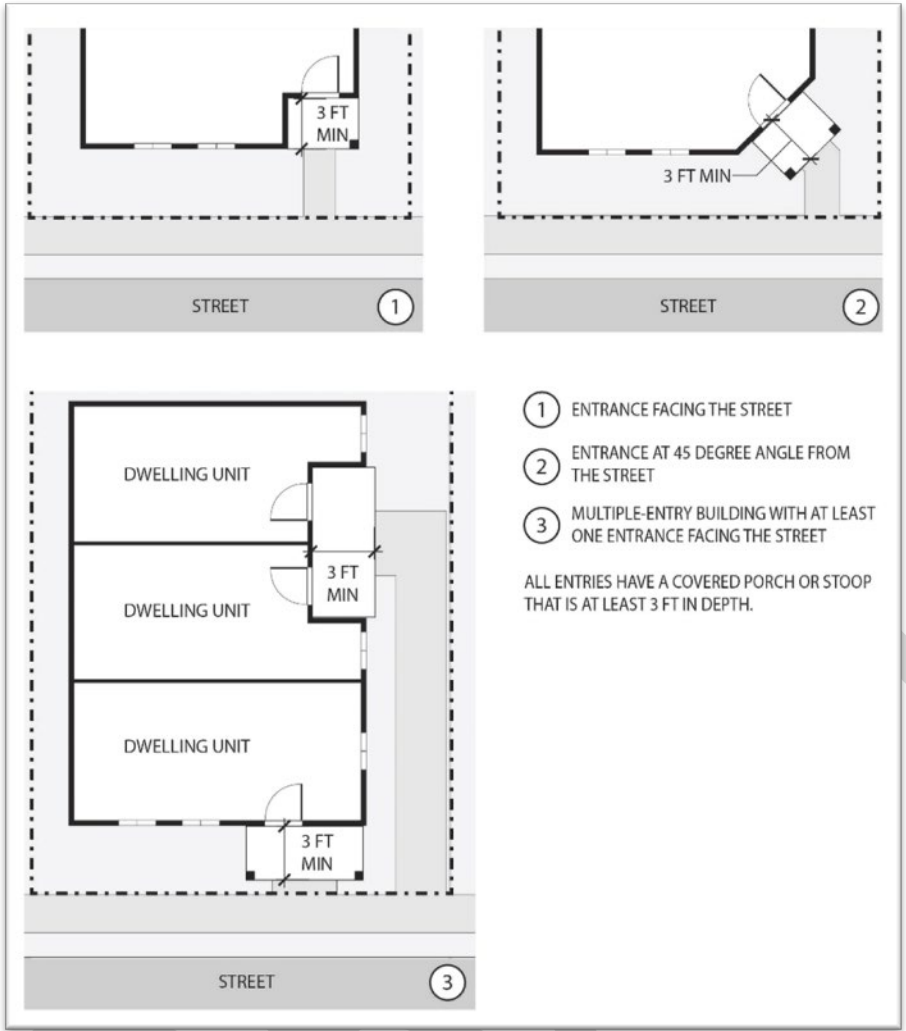
The following standards apply to all building facades that face a public or private street, except those that are separated from the street by another building.

C. Entrances Implementation.

See Figure 17C.111.315-A.

1. ~~((Each))~~ Except as provided in subsection (3), each residential structure fronting a public or private street must have at least one address and main entrance facing or within a 45 degree angle of a street frontage. Buildings with multiple units may have shared entries. (R)
2. Each unit with individual ground-floor entry and all shared entries must have a porch or stoop cover that is at least 3-feet deep. (P)
- ~~((3. — On corner lots, buildings with multiple units must have at least one entrance facing or within a 45-degree angle on each street frontage. (C)))~~
3. For a common open space, such as a courtyard or common green, directly abutting a public or private street, residential structures that abut both the common open space and the public or private street may directly face the common open space instead of facing the public or private street. (P)

Figure 17C.111.315-A. Building Entrances



- ① ENTRANCE FACING THE STREET
- ② ENTRANCE AT 45 DEGREE ANGLE FROM THE STREET
- ③ MULTIPLE-ENTRY BUILDING WITH AT LEAST ONE ENTRANCE FACING THE STREET

ALL ENTRIES HAVE A COVERED PORCH OR STOOP THAT IS AT LEAST 3 FT IN DEPTH.

Section 17C.111.320 Windows

A. Purpose.

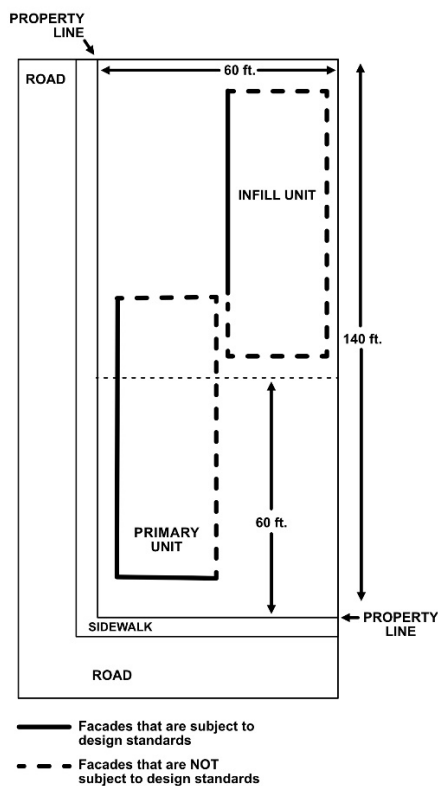
To maintain a lively and active street face while increasing safety and general visibility to the public realm.

B. Applicability.

The following standards apply to all ~~((building facades))~~ facade areas that face a public or private street and enclose floor area, ~~((except those that are separated from the street by another building.))~~ with the following exceptions:

1. When a façade or portion of the façade is not visible from a public or private street or further than 60' away from a street lot line. See Figure 17C.111.320-A.
2. For garages attached to living units, this section does not apply to the portion of the facade associated with the garage.

Figure 17C.111.320-A. Façade Exemption

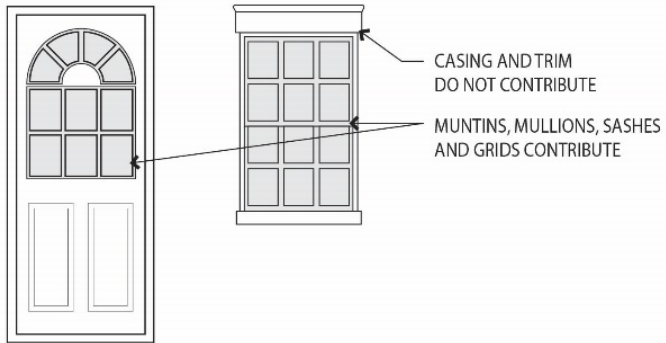
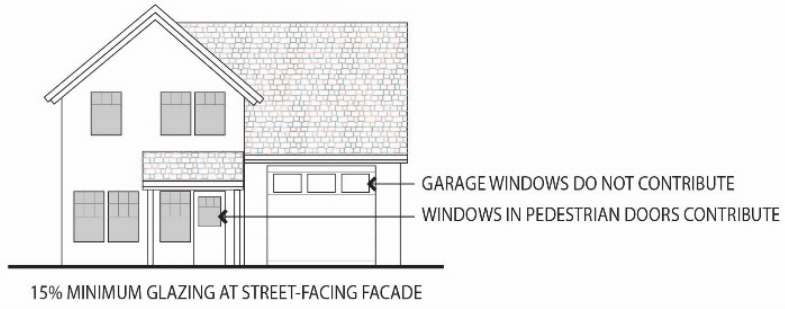


C. Windows Implementation.

See Figure 17C.111.320-((A))B.

1. Windows shall be provided in facades facing public or private streets, comprising at least fifteen percent of the facade area that encloses floor area (R).
2. Window area is considered the entire area within, but not including, the window casing, including any interior window grid.
3. Windows in pedestrian doors may be counted toward this standard. Windows in garage doors may not be counted toward this standard.
4. At least one of the following decorative window features must be included on all of the windows on street facing facades: (P)
 - a. Arched or transom windows.
 - b. Mullions.
 - c. Awnings or bracketed overhangs.
 - d. Flower boxes.
 - e. Shutters.
 - f. Window trim with a minimum width of three inches.
 - g. Pop-outs or recesses greater than three inches.
 - h. Bay windows.
 - i. Dormers.

Figure 17C.111.320-((A))B. Window Coverage



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Section 17C.111.325 Building Articulation

A. Purpose.

To ensure that buildings along any public or private street display the greatest amount of visual interest and reinforce the residential scale of the streetscape and neighborhood.

B. Applicability.

~~((The following))~~ These standards apply to all ~~((building))~~ facades that face a public or private street ~~(, except those that are separated from the street by another building. The standards apply to facades of attached housing irrespective of underlying lot lines))~~.

1. Attached Housing.

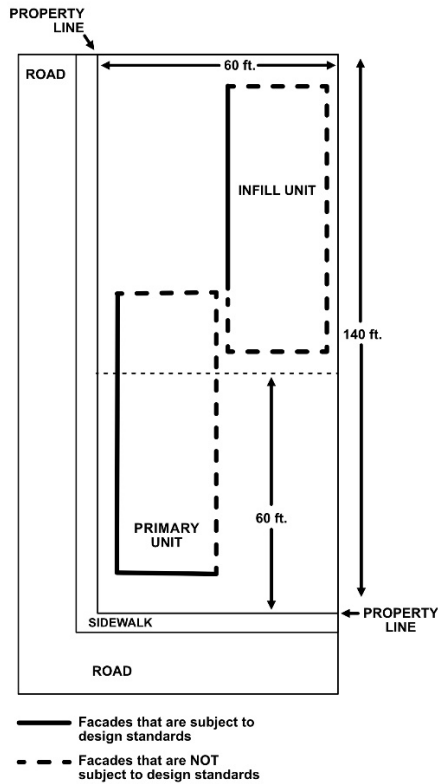
These standards apply to facades of attached housing. For purposes of this section, a grouping of attached houses shall be considered as a single building.

2. Exceptions.

a. These standards do not apply when a façade or portion of façade is not visible from a public or private street or further than 60' away from a street lot line. See Figure 17C.111.325-A.

b. These standards do not apply to a detached Accessory Dwelling Unit above a detached garage.

Figure 17C.111.325-A. Façade Exemption.



C. Building Articulation Implementation.

1. ~~((Buildings must))~~ Street-facing Facades shall be modulated along the street at least every ((thirty)) forty feet. ((Building modulations must step the building wall back or forward at least four feet. See Figure 17C.11325-A. (R)) Building modulations may be achieved in any one of the following ways. (R)
 - a. A step back or forward in the building wall of at least four feet. See Figure 17C.111.325-B.
 - b. For facades no more than two stories high, a bay window or cantilevered bump-out at least four feet (4') wide and two feet (2') deep on the ground floor.
 - c. A cantilevered bump-out at least four feet (4') wide and two feet (2') deep that extends vertically the entire height of the facade.
 - d. A covered porch at least ten feet (10') wide and six feet (6') deep.
2. The scale of buildings ~~((must))~~ shall be moderated to create a human scale streetscape by including vertical and horizontal delineation as expressed by bays, belt lines, doors, or windows. (P)

3. ~~((Horizontal street-facing facades))~~ In addition to the requirement of subsection (C)(1), street-facing Facades longer than ((thirty)) forty feet (40') ((must)) shall include at least ((four)) one of the ((following)) design features listed below, or a similar treatment, ((per façade. At least one of these features must be used)) every thirty feet (30'). For portions of a facade in excess of an increment of thirty (30), an additional feature shall be required after ten feet (10'). The modulation implemented to meet subsection (C)(1) may be counted in meeting this requirement. (P)

a. Design Features.

- ~~((a. Varied building heights.~~
- ~~b. Use of different materials.~~
- ~~c. Different colors.~~
- ~~d. Offsets.~~
- ~~e. Projecting roofs (minimum of twelve inches).~~
- ~~f. Recesses.~~
- ~~g. Bay windows.~~
- ~~h. Variation in roof materials, color, pitch, or aspect.~~
- ~~i. Balconies~~
- ~~j. Covered porch or patio.~~
- ~~k. Dormers))~~

- i. Varied building heights.
- ii. Use of different materials.
- iii. Different colors.
- iv. Offsets.
- v. Projecting roofs (minimum of twelve inches).
- vi. Recesses.
- vii. Bay windows or bump-outs.
- viii. Variation in roof materials, color, pitch, or aspect.
- ix. Balconies
- x. Covered porch or patio.
- xi. Dormers

Figure 17C.111.325-((A))B. Building Articulation for Long Facades

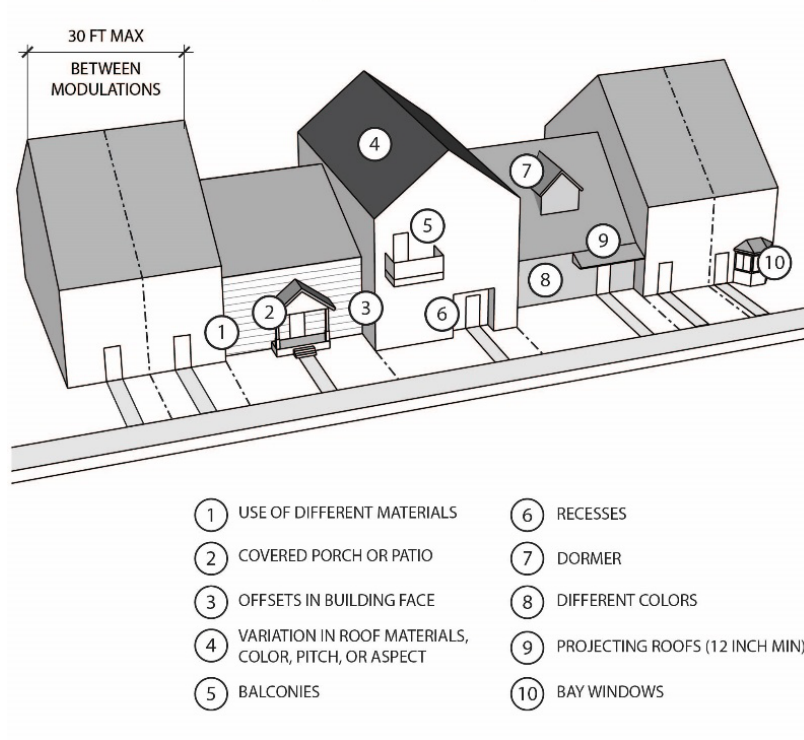


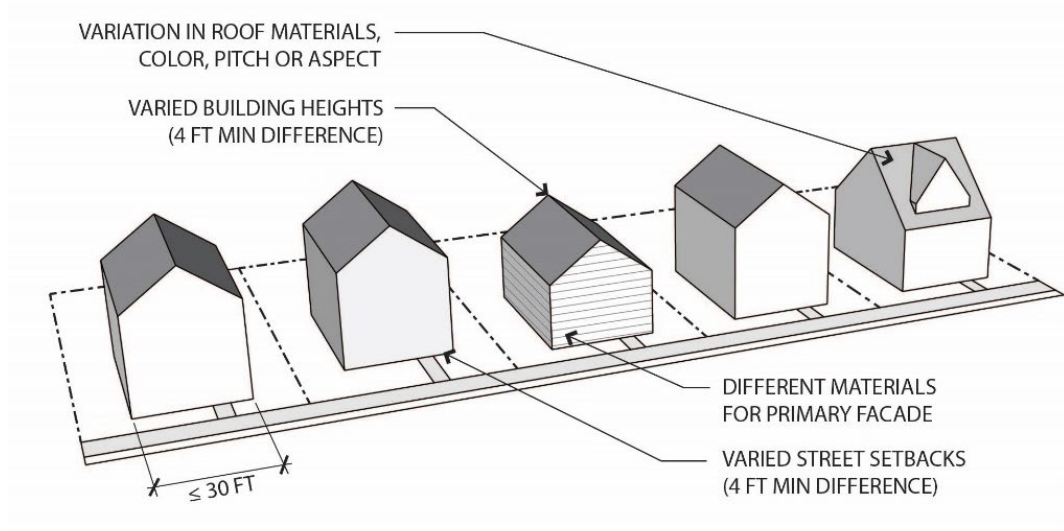
TABLE 17C.111.325-1 BUILDING ARTICULATION EXAMPLES	
<u>Street-Facing Facade Width</u>	<u>Requirements</u>
<u>35 feet</u>	<u>No modulation required</u> <u>No design features required from subsection (3)(a)</u>
<u>40 feet</u>	<u>Modulation required</u> <u>No additional design features required from subsection (3)(a)</u>
<u>45 feet</u>	<u>Modulation required</u> <u>One additional design feature required from subsection (3)(a)</u>
<u>60 feet</u>	<u>Modulation required</u> <u>One additional design feature required from subsection (3)(a)</u>
<u>70 feet</u>	<u>Modulation required</u> <u>Two additional design features required from subsection (3)(a)</u>

~~((4.—The following standard applies when detached housing units or individual units of attached housing have street-facing facades that are thirty feet or less in width. Each such unit shall provide variation from adjacent units by using one or more of the following design features (see Figure 17C.111.325-B):~~

~~a.—Street setbacks that differ by at least four feet.~~

- b. ~~Building heights that differ by at least four feet.~~
- c. ~~Use of different materials for the primary façade.~~
- d. ~~Variation in roof materials, color, pitch, or aspect.~~

Figure 17C.111.325-B. ~~Building Variation for Narrow Facades~~)



Note: Graphic to be removed

~~((5. Development should reduce the potential impact of new housing on established and historic neighborhoods by incorporating elements and forms from nearby buildings. This may include reference to architectural details, building massing, proportionality, and use of high-quality materials such as wood, brick, and stone. (C)))~~

D. Consideration for Historic Features.

Development should reduce the potential impact of new housing on established and historic neighborhoods by incorporating elements and forms from nearby buildings. This may include reference to architectural details, building massing, proportionality, and use of high-quality materials such as wood, brick, and stone. (C)

Section 17C.111.335 Parking Facilities

A. Purpose.

To integrate parking facilities with the building and surrounding residential context, promote pedestrian-oriented environments along streets, reduce impervious surfaces, and preserve on-street parking and street tree opportunities.

B. Definitions.

1. Primary Street-Facing Facade.

a. The Primary Street-Facing Facade is the portion of the Front Facade that:

- i. is closest to the front lot line; and
- ii. encloses living space; and
- iii. is situated at ground level.

b. Projections such as bay windows or cantilevered bump-outs shall not be counted as the Primary Street-Facing Facade.

~~((B))~~C. Parking Facilities Implementation.

~~((1. The combined width of all garage doors facing the street may be up to fifty percent of the length of the street facing building facade. For attached housing, this standard applies to the combined length of the street-facing facades of all units. For all other lots and structures, the standards apply to the street-facing facade of each individual building. See Figure 17C.111.335-A. (R)))~~

1. Garage Opening Width.

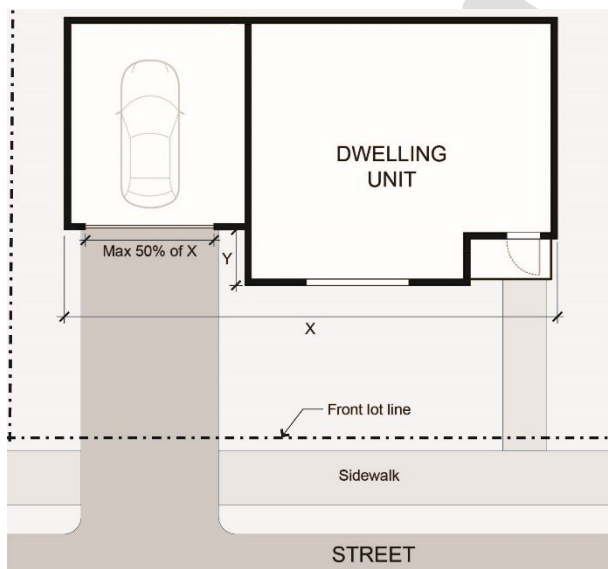
a. Width Limited.

Unless otherwise exempted within this subsection, the combined width of all garage door openings on the Front Facade shall not exceed fifty percent of the width of the Front Facade. For attached housing, this standard applies to the combined length of the Front Facades of all units. For all other lots and structures, the standards apply to the Front Facade of each individual building. See Figure 17C.111.335-A. (P)

b. Exemptions.

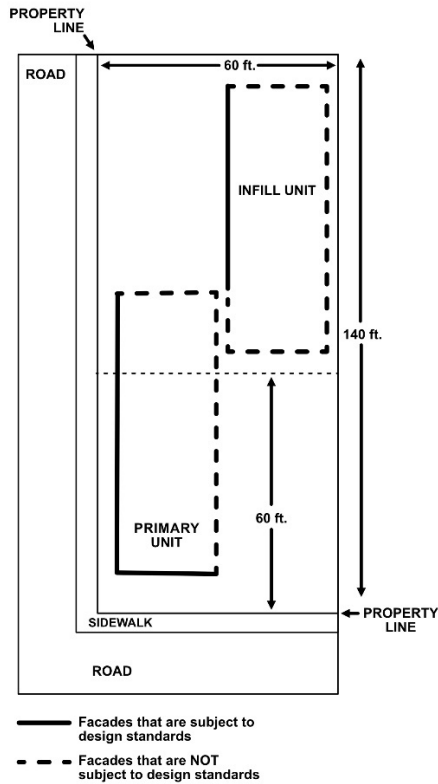
- i. The garage opening width standard does not apply to facades or portions of the facade that are not visible from a private or public street or further than sixty feet (60') away from a street lot line. See Figure 17C.111.335-B.
- ii. For attached housing units less than twenty feet (20') in width or for detached houses less than twenty feet (20') in width, a single opening of no more than ten feet (10') in width is permitted. Units meeting this exemption shall have enclosed living space above the first floor that is set back no further than the face of the garage and extends the entire width of the width of the unit.

Figure 17C.111.335-A. Garage Door Standard



X = Length of street-facing building façade
Y = 2 ft minimum setback from primary street-facing building façade

Figure 17C.111.335-B. Façade Exemption.



~~((2. Street-facing garage walls must be set back at least two feet from the primary street-facing building facade. (R)))~~

2. Garage Wall Step Back.

a. On a Front Facade with garage openings cumulatively totaling more than ten feet (10') in width, all garage openings shall be set back in one of the following ways: (R)

i. at least two feet (2') behind the Primary Street-Facing Facade; or

ii. at least two feet (2') behind the front of a covered porch that is a minimum of six feet (6') in depth and spans at least half of the Front Facade. The covered porch shall have columns, railing, or other vertical elements along the front to visually establish the edge of the porch.

b. A Front Facade with one street-facing garage opening of ten feet (10') or less in width shall be even with or set back from the Primary Street-Facing Facade. (R)

- c. A Front Facade for a garage with the opening facing the side lot line is not required to step back from the Primary Street-Facing Facade, but shall meet all other relevant design standards. (P)
- d. A grouping of attached housing units shall be considered a single building for purposes of these step back requirements.
- e. This standard does not apply to facades or portions of the façade that are not visible from a private or public street or further than 60' away from a street lot line.
- f. Waivers.

A waiver or modification of the garage wall step back may be granted by the Planning Director. The Planning Director shall consider contextual issues such as:

- i. Topography that does not allow a step back; and
- ii. An addition to an existing structure where a step back is impractical.

Merely the presence of existing structures on nearby properties with garages situated forward of the Primary Street-Facing Facade shall not be grounds for a waiver.

3. Access to Parking.

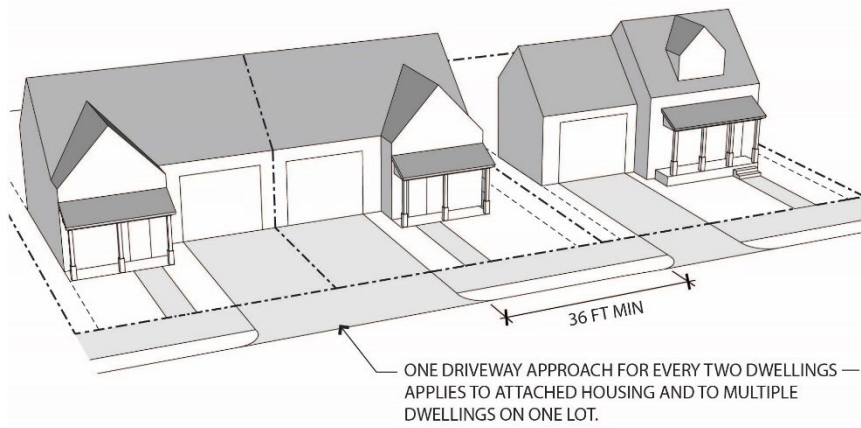
- a. Vehicular access to ~~((parking))~~ a parking area, garage, or carport shall occur only via an approved driveway approach from an alley, improved street, or easement ~~((is required if parking is required))~~ pursuant to chapter 17C.230 SMC Parking and Loading. (R)
- b. If the lot abuts a public alley, then vehicle access shall be from the alley unless the applicant requests a waiver of the requirement and the Planning Director determines that one of the following conditions exists: (R)
 - i. Existing topography does not permit alley access; or
 - ii. A portion of the alley abuts a nonresidential zone; or
 - iii. The alley is used for loading or unloading by an existing nonresidential use; or
 - iv. Due to the relationship of the alley to the street system, use of the alley for parking access would create a significant safety hazard.
- c. For lots with vehicle access through an alley, garages shall not be accessed from the street. (R)

- d. Where off-street parking is provided for attached housing or for two or more units on one lot, only one driveway approach and sidewalk crossing for each two dwellings may be permitted. See Figure 17C.111.335-~~((B))C~~. (R)
- e. Driveway approaches shall be separated by a minimum distance of 36 feet. The Planning Director ~~((will))~~ may grant an exception to this standard if ~~((the 36-foot separation from existing driveways on adjacent lots would preclude vehicular access to the subject lot))~~ one of the following conditions exist. See Figure 17C.111.335-~~((B))C~~. (R)
 - i. existing driveways on adjacent lots would preclude vehicular access to the subject lot; or
 - ii. existing topography makes shared driveway approaches infeasible; or
 - iii. development is proposed on a lot created prior to January 1, 2024 with insufficient frontage for the required separation; or
 - iv. the Planning Director determines that the conditions of the lot render an alternate form of access infeasible.
- 4. ~~((Parking structures,))~~Detached garages and detached carports~~((, and parking areas other than driveways))~~ shall not be located between the ~~((principal structure))~~ Front Facade and ~~((streets))~~ the street unless the Planning Director determines that one of the following conditions is met. (P)
 - a. The lot and primary structure existed prior to January 1, 2024 and are situated such that a garage or carport cannot reasonably be located to the side of or behind the primary structure; or
 - b. Existing topography does not permit the placement of a garage or carport to the side of or behind the proposed or existing primary structure; or
 - c. Placement of the garage or carport to the side of or behind the primary structure would create a safety hazard.

Upon meeting one of these conditions, the garage or carport shall follow all other design standards as practicable.
- 5. Parking areas shall not be located between the Front Facade and the street except for driveways that lead to an allowable vehicle parking facility. (R)

Figure 17C.111.335-~~((B))C~~. Paired Driveways and Minimum Spacing

FIGURE 17C.110.335-B: Paired Driveways and Minimum Spacing



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Section 17C.111.420 Open Spaces

A. Purpose.

To create pedestrian friendly, usable areas through the use of plazas, courtyards, rooftop decks, and other open spaces for the enjoyment and health of the residents.

B. Open Spaces Implementation.

1. Minimum Required Space.

- a. Each multifamily development shall provide the minimum open space area for each living unit in the complex, including those units occupied by the owner or building management personnel, as identified in Table 17C.111.205-2. Open spaces may be provided individually, such as by balconies, or combined into a larger common open space. Developments in RMF and RHD may provide both private and common open space to meet the minimum requirement; however, each unit must provide either the full private or common open space to count towards the minimum required space. (R)
- b. Residential units with a continuous pedestrian route from the ~~((building entrance))~~ property boundary to a public park within 800 ft are not required to provide more than 36 square feet of open space per unit. For purposes of this requirement, an unsignalized crossing of a minor arterial road or greater shall not be considered a continuous pedestrian route.

2. Private Open Space.

Private open space area is typically developed for passive recreational use. Examples include balconies, patios, and private rooftop decks.

- a. Private open space must be directly accessible from the unit. (R)
- b. Private open space must be surfaced with landscaping, pavers, decking, or sport court paving which allows the area to be used for recreational purposes. (R)
- c. Private open space may be covered, such as a covered balcony, but may not be fully enclosed. (R)
- d. Berms, low walls, fences, hedges and/or landscaping shall be used to define private open spaces such as yards, decks, terraces, and patios from each other and from the street right-of-way. The

material or plantings between private open spaces shall be a maximum of four feet in height and visually permeable, such as open rails, ironwork, or trellis treatment to encourage interaction between neighbors. Material or plantings between units and right-of-way shall meet applicable fencing restrictions. (P)

3. Common Open Space.

Common open space area may be developed for active or passive recreational use. Examples include play areas, plazas, rooftop patios, picnic areas, fitness centers, pools, tennis courts, and open recreational facilities.

- a. The total amount of required common open space is the cumulative amount of the required area per dwelling unit for common areas, minus any units that provide individual open space (if provided). However, a combined required open space must comply with the minimum area and meet ADA Standards for Accessible Design.
- b. Common open space must be surfaced with landscaping, pavers, decking, or sport court paving, which allows the area to be used for recreational purposes. (R).
- c. Common open space may be covered, such as a covered patio, but may not be fully enclosed unless the open space is an equipped interior fitness area or furnished meeting space not reservable by individual residents. (R)
- d. Common open spaces with active uses used to meet these guidelines shall not be located within required buffer areas, if prohibited by critical area or shoreline regulations. (R)
- e. Common open spaces shall provide at least three of the following amenities to accommodate a variety of ages and activities. Amenities include: (P)
 - i. Site furnishings (benches, tables, bike racks)
 - ii. Picnic or outdoor grilling areas
 - iii. Patios, plazas, or courtyards
 - iv. Tot lots or other children's play areas
 - v. Enclosed pet areas that make up no more than fifty percent of the required common open space
 - vi. Community gardens accessible for use by residents
 - vii. Open lawn
 - viii. Play fields

- ix. Sports courts, such as tennis or basketball courts, and pools that make up no more than fifty percent of the required common open space
 - x. Interior equipped fitness areas that make up no more than fifty percent of the required common open space
- f. If common open spaces are located adjacent to a street right-of-way, landscaping should be used to provide a buffer between outdoor spaces and the street right-of-way. (P)
4. Lighting shall be provided within open spaces to provide visual interest, as well as an additional security function. Lighting should not cause off-site glare. (R)
5. Open spaces should not be located adjacent to dumpster enclosures, loading/service areas or other facility and/or utility enclosures. (C)

Section 17C.111.450 Pitched Roofs

[repealed]

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17C.230.020 Vehicle Parking Summary Table

Parking requirements are summarized in Table 17C.230.020-1.

TABLE 17C.230.020-1 SUMMARY OF PARKING REQUIREMENTS [1]				
RESIDENTIAL CATEGORIES				
USE CATEGORY	SPECIFIC USE	MINIMUM REQUIRED	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: CC, DOWNTOWN, FBC ZONES [2]	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, INDUSTRIAL ZONES [2]
Group Living		None	CC: 4 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area Downtown: 3 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area FBC: 2 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area	No maximum
Residential Household Living				

COMMERCIAL CATEGORIES				
USE CATEGORY	SPECIFIC USE	MINIMUM REQUIRED	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: CC, DOWNTOWN, FBC ZONES [2]	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, INDUSTRIAL ZONES [2]
Adult Business		None	CC: 4 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area Downtown: 3 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area FBC: 2 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Commercial Outdoor Recreation				30 per acre of site
Commercial Parking				None
Drive-through Facility				None
Major Event Entertainment				1 per 5 seats or per CU review
Office				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Quick Vehicle Servicing				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Retail Sales and Service	Retail, Personal Service, Repair-oriented			1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
	Restaurants and Bars			1 per 60 sq. ft. of floor area
	Health Clubs, Gyms, Lodges, Meeting Rooms and similar continuous entertainment, such as Arcades and Bowling Alleys			1 per 180 sq. ft. of floor area
	Temporary Lodging	1.5 per rentable room; for associated uses such as Restaurants, see above		
	Theaters	1 per 2.7 seats or 1 per 4 feet of bench area		

	Retail sales and services of large items, such as appliances, furniture and equipment			1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Mini-storage Facilities				Same as Warehouse and Freight Movement
Vehicle Repair				1 per 200 sq. ft.

INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES

USE CATEGORY	SPECIFIC USE	MINIMUM REQUIRED	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: CC, DOWNTOWN, FBC ZONES [2]	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, INDUSTRIAL ZONES [2]
Industrial Services, Railroad Yards, Wholesale Sales		None	CC: 4 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area Downtown: 3 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area FBC: 2 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Manufacturing and Production				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Warehouse and Freight Movement				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Waste-related				Per CU review

INSTITUTIONAL CATEGORIES				
USE CATEGORY	SPECIFIC USE	MINIMUM REQUIRED	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: CC, DOWNTOWN, FBC ZONES [2]	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, INDUSTRIAL ZONES [2]
Basic Utilities		None	CC: 4 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area Downtown: 3 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area FBC: 2 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area	None
Colleges				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Community Service				exclusive of dormitories, plus 1 per 2.6 dorm room
Daycare				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Medical Centers				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Parks and Open Areas				1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Religious Institutions				Per CU review for active areas
Schools	Grade, Elementary, Junior High			2.5 per classroom
	High School	10.5 per classroom		

OTHER CATEGORIES				
USE CATEGORY	SPECIFIC USE	MINIMUM REQUIRED	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: CC, DOWNTOWN, FBC ZONES [2]	MAXIMUM ALLOWED: RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, INDUSTRIAL ZONES [2]
Agriculture		None	CC: 4 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area Downtown: 3 per 1,000 sq. ft. of floor area FBC: 2 per 500 sq. ft. of floor area	None or per CU review
Aviation and Surface Passenger Terminals				Per CU review
Detention Facilities				Per CU review
Essential Public Facilities				Per CU review
Wireless Communication Facilities				None or per CU review
Rail Lines and Utility Corridors				None

[1] The Planning Director may approve different amounts of parking spaces under the exceptions listed in SMC 17C.230.130.

[2] Parking provided within a parking structure is not counted towards the maximum allowed per SMC 17C.230.120(B)(2).

Section 17C.230.100 General Standards

A. ~~((Where the Standards Apply))~~ Applicability.

The standards of this chapter apply to all parking areas in ~~((RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, Downtown, CC, industrial, and FBC zones))~~ all zones, whether required by this code or put in for the convenience of property owners or users. Parking areas include those accessory to a use, part of a commercial parking use, or for a park and ride facility in the basic utilities use category. Some zoning categories have unique parking standards as provided in Table 17C.230.120-1.

~~((B.—Occupancy:~~

~~All required parking areas must be completed and landscaped prior to occupancy of any structure except as provided in chapter 17C.200 SMC, Landscaping and Screening.))~~

~~((C))~~B.((Calculations of Amounts of Required and Allowed Parking)) Calculation.

1. When computing parking spaces based on floor area, floor area dedicated for parking is not counted.
2. The number of parking spaces is computed based on the uses on the site. When there is more than one use on a site, the required or allowed parking for the site is the sum of the required or allowed parking for the individual uses. ~~((For joint use parking, see SMC 17C.230.110(B)(2).))~~
- ~~((3.—If the maximum number of spaces allowed is less than or equal to the minimum number required, then the maximum number is automatically increased to one more than the minimum.))~~
- ~~((4))~~3. If the maximum number of spaces allowed is less than one, then the maximum number is automatically increased to one.
- ~~((5))~~4. When the calculation of required or allowed parking results in a decimal fraction, the number of parking spaces required or allowed is rounded up to the next whole number.

~~((D.—Use of Required Parking Spaces:~~

~~Required parking spaces must be available for the use of residents, customers, or employees of the use. Fees may be charged for the use of required parking spaces, except for group living and residential household living uses. Required parking spaces may not be assigned in any way to a use on another site, except for joint parking situations. Required parking spaces must be made available to employees; it cannot be restricted only to customers. See SMC~~

~~17C.230.110(B)(2). Also, required parking spaces may not be used for the parking of equipment or storage of goods or inoperable vehicles.~~

~~E. Proximity of Parking to Use.~~

- ~~1. Required parking spaces for all industrial and commercial zones, except center and corridor zones, must be located on the site of the use or in parking areas whose closest point is within four hundred feet of the site. In center and corridor zones, parking is required to be located within six hundred feet of the use.~~
- ~~2. Required parking spaces for uses in the RA, R1, R2, and RMF zones must be located on the site of the use. Required parking for the uses in the RHD zone must be located on the site of the use or in parking areas whose closest point is within four hundred feet of the site.~~

~~F. Stacked Parking.~~

~~Stacked or valet parking is allowed if an attendant is present to move vehicles. If stacked parking is used for required parking spaces, some form of guarantee must be filed with the City ensuring that an attendant will always be present when the lot is in operation. The requirements for minimum or maximum spaces and all parking area development standards continue to apply for stacked parking.~~

~~G. On-Street Parking.~~

~~The minimum number of required parking spaces may be reduced by the number of on-street parking spaces immediately adjacent to a site's public right-of-way frontages, located on the same side of the street. The street must be paved, with sidewalks that are ADA accessible. Each complete twenty linear foot section of right-of-way where parallel parking is permitted is considered a parking space. Where parallel, diagonal or other on-street parking is marked on the street or officially designated by other means; the number of complete parking spaces that are adjacent on the same side of the street to the site's frontage are counted. An on-street parking space shall not be counted if it is restricted in its use as a designated loading, taxi or other special use zone or if parking is prohibited for more than five hours any twenty four-hour period. When calculating the number of required bicycle parking spaces per SMC 17C.230.200, the number of vehicle off-street parking spaces that would be required before this reduction is applied is the figure that is used.))~~

~~((H))C. Curb Cuts.~~

Curb cuts and access restrictions are regulated by the City engineering services department. Other zoning standards or design ~~((guidelines))~~ standards may apply.

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Section 17C.230.110 Minimum Required Parking Spaces

~~((A.—Purpose.~~

~~The purpose of required parking spaces is to provide enough parking to accommodate the majority of traffic generated by the range of uses, which might locate at the site over time. As provided in subsection (B)(3) of this section, bicycle parking may be substituted for some required parking on a site to encourage transit use and bicycling by employees and visitors to the site. The required parking numbers correspond to broad use categories, not specific uses, in response to this long-term emphasis. Provision of carpool parking, and locating it close to the building entrance, will encourage carpool use.~~

~~B.—Minimum Number of Parking Spaces Required.~~

~~1.—The minimum number of parking spaces for all zones is stated in Table 17C.230.120-1. Table 17C.230.130-1 states the required number of spaces for use categories. The standards of Table 17C.230.120-1 and Table 17C.230.130-1 apply unless specifically superseded by other portions of the city code.~~

~~2.—Joint Use Parking.~~

~~Joint use of required parking spaces may occur where two or more uses on the same or separate sites are able to share the same parking spaces because their parking demands occur at different times. Joint use of required nonresidential parking spaces is allowed if the following documentation is submitted in writing to the planning and economic development services director as part of a building or zoning permit application or land use review:~~

- ~~a.—The names and addresses of the uses and of the owners or tenants that are sharing the parking.~~
- ~~b.—The location and number of parking spaces that are being shared.~~
- ~~c.—An analysis showing that the peak parking times of the uses occur at different times and that the parking area will be large enough for the anticipated demands of both uses; and~~
- ~~d.—A legal instrument such as an easement or deed restriction that guarantees access to the parking for both uses.~~

~~3.—Bicycle parking may substitute for up to twenty-five (25) percent of required vehicle parking. For every four (4) short-term bicycle parking spaces, the motor vehicle parking requirement is reduced by one space.~~

~~For every one (1) long-term bicycle parking space, the motor vehicle parking required is reduced by one space. Vehicle parking associated with residential uses may only be substituted by long-term bicycle parking. Existing parking may be converted to take advantage of this provision. Required bicycle parking spaces may be used to substitute for vehicle parking.~~

~~4. Existing Uses.~~

~~The off-street parking and loading requirements of this chapter do not apply retroactively to established uses; however:~~

- ~~a. the site to which a building is relocated must provide the required spaces; and~~
- ~~b. a person increasing the floor area, or other measure of off-street parking and loading requirements, by addition or alteration, must provide spaces as required for the increase, unless the requirement under this subsection is five spaces or fewer.~~

~~5. Change of Use.~~

~~When the use of an existing building changes, additional off-street parking and loading facilities must be provided only when the number of parking or loading spaces required for the new use(s) exceeds the number of spaces required for the use that most recently occupied the building. A "credit" is given for the most recent use of the property for the number of parking spaces that would be required by the current parking standards. The new use is not required to compensate for any existing deficit.~~

- ~~a. If the proposed use does not generate the requirement for greater than five additional parking spaces more than the most recent use then no additional parking spaces must be added.~~
- ~~b. For example, a non-conforming building with no off-street parking spaces most recently contained an office use that if built today would require three off-street parking spaces. The use of the building is proposed to be changed to a restaurant that would normally require six spaces. The three spaces that would be required of the existing office use are subtracted from the required number of parking spaces for the proposed restaurant use. The remainder is three spaces. Since the three new spaces is less than five spaces no off-street parking spaces would be required to be installed in order to change the use of the building from an office use to a restaurant use.~~

~~6. Uses Not Mentioned.~~

~~In the case of a use not specifically mentioned in Table 17C.230.130-1, the requirements for off-street parking shall be determined by the planning and economic development services director. If there is/are comparable uses, the planning and economic development services director's determination shall be based on the requirements for the most comparable use(s). Where, in the judgment of the planning and economic development services director, none of the uses in Table 17C.230.130-1 are comparable, the planning and economic development services director may base his or her determination as to the amount of parking required for the proposed use on detailed information provided by the applicant. The information required may include, but not be limited to, a description of the physical structure(s), identification of potential users, and analysis of likely parking demand.~~

~~C. Carpool Parking.~~

~~For office, industrial, and institutional uses where there are more than twenty parking spaces on the site, the following standards must be met:~~

- ~~1. Five spaces or five percent of the parking spaces on site, whichever is less, must be reserved for carpool use before nine a.m. on weekdays. More spaces may be reserved, but they are not required.~~
- ~~2. The spaces will be those closest to the building entrance or elevator, but not closer than the spaces for disabled parking and those signed for exclusive customer use.~~
- ~~3. Signs must be posted indicating these spaces are reserved for carpool use before nine a.m. on weekdays.)~~

A. No Minimum Required.

Except as provided herein, there is no required minimum number of off-street parking spaces.

B. Conditional Use.

A requirement to provide a minimum number of off-street parking spaces may be included as a condition in a Conditional Use permit.

Section 17C.230.120 Maximum Required Parking Spaces

A. Purpose.

Limiting the number of spaces allowed promotes efficient use of land, enhances urban form, encourages use of alternative modes of transportation, provides for better pedestrian movement, and protects air and water quality. The maximum ratios in this section vary with the use the parking ((it)) is accessory to. ~~((These maximums will accommodate most auto trips to a site based on typical peak parking demand for each use.))~~

B. Maximum Number of Parking Spaces Allowed.

Standards in a plan district or overlay zone may supersede the standards in this subsection or the amounts listed in Table 17C.230.020-1.

1. Surface Parking.

The maximum number of parking spaces allowed is stated in Table ~~((17C.230.120-1 and Table 17C.230.130-1))~~ 17C.230.020-1, except as specified in subsection (B)(2) of this section.

2. Structure Parking.

Parking provided within a building or parking structure is not counted when calculating the maximum parking allowed.

((

TABLE 17C.230.120-1		
PARKING SPACES BY ZONE [1]		
(Refer to Table 17C.230.130-1 for Parking Spaces Standards by Use)		
ZONE	SPECIFIC USES	REQUIREMENT
RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, CC, Industrial	All Land Uses	Minimum and maximum standards are shown in Table 17C.230.130-1.
CC1, CC2, CC3, CC4 [2]	Nonresidential	There is no minimum parking requirement. Maximum ratio is 4 stalls per 1,000 gross square feet of floor area.
	Residential	There is no minimum parking requirement.

		Maximum ratio is 4 stalls per 1,000 gross square feet of floor area.
Downtown [2]	Nonresidential	There is no minimum parking requirement. Maximum ratio is 3 stalls per 1,000 gross square feet of floor area.
	Residential	There is no minimum parking requirement. Maximum ratio is 3 stalls per 1,000 gross square feet of floor area.
FBC [2]	All Land Uses	See SMC 17C.123.040, Hamilton Form Based Code for off-street parking requirements.
Overlay	All Land Uses	No off-street parking is required. See the No Off-Street Parking Required Overlay Zone Map 17C.230-M2 and No Off-Street Parking Required Overlay Zone Map 17C.230-M3.
<p>[1] Standards in a plan district or overlay zone may supersede the standards of this table. [2] See exceptions in SMC 17C.230.130, CC and Downtown Zone Parking Exceptions.</p>		

))

Section 17C.230.130 Parking Exceptions

- ~~((A. Parking is not required for commercial or institutional uses.~~
- ~~B. The Planning Director may approve ratios that are higher than the maximum ((or lower than the minimum)) if sufficient factual data is provided to indicate that a different amount is appropriate. The applicant assumes the burden of proof. Approval of parking above the maximum shall be conditioned upon increasing the amount of required landscaping by thirty percent. ((Approval of parking below the minimum shall be conditioned upon the project contributing towards a pedestrian and transit supportive environment both next to the immediate site and in the surrounding area.)) When determining if a different amount of parking is appropriate, the Director shall consider the proximity of the site to frequent transit service, the intensity of the zoning designation of the site and surrounding sites, and the form of the proposed use.))~~

The Planning Director may approve ratios that are higher than the maximum if sufficient factual data is provided to indicate that a different amount is appropriate. The applicant assumes the burden of proof. Approval of parking above the maximum shall be conditioned upon increasing the amount of required landscaping by thirty percent. When determining if a different amount of parking is appropriate, the Director shall consider the proximity of the site to frequent transit service, the intensity of the zoning designation of the site and surrounding sites, and the form of the proposed use.

- ~~((C. If property owners and businesses establish a parking management area program with shared parking agreements, the Planning Director may reduce or waive parking requirements.~~
- ~~D. Existing legal nonconforming buildings that do not have adequate parking to meet the standards of this section are not required to provide off-street parking when remodeling which increases the amount of required parking occurs within the existing structure.~~
- ~~E. Attached Housing.~~

~~The following exceptions apply only to attached housing (defined in SMC 17A.020.010) in the RMF and RHD zones. Distances are measured in a straight line between the zone/overlay boundary to the lot line of the site containing the development.~~

- ~~1. On a lot at least partially within one thousand three hundred twenty feet of CC, CA, or DT zone or CC3 zoning overlay, the minimum number of off-street vehicle parking spaces required is fifty percent less than the minimum required for Residential Household Living in Table 17C.230.130-4.~~

2. On a lot farther than one thousand three hundred twenty feet of a CC, CA, or DT zone or CC3 zoning overlay, the minimum number of off-street vehicle parking spaces required is thirty percent less than the minimum required for Residential Household Living in Table 17C.230.130-1.

F. Parking is not required for residential development on sites located within one-half mile of a transit stop.

TABLE 17C.230.130-1 PARKING SPACES BY USE [1] (Refer to Table 17C.230.120-1 for Parking Space Standards by Zone) CU = Conditional Use			
RESIDENTIAL CATEGORIES			
USE CATEGORIES	SPECIFIC USES	MINIMUM PARKING	MAXIMUM PARKING
Group Living	-	None	None
Residential Household Living	-	None	None
COMMERCIAL CATEGORIES			
USE CATEGORIES	SPECIFIC USES	MINIMUM PARKING	MAXIMUM PARKING
Adult Business	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Commercial Outdoor Recreation	-	None	30 per acre of site
Commercial Parking	-	Not applicable	None
Drive-through Facility	-	Not applicable	None
Major Event Entertainment	-	None	1 per 5 seats or per CU review
Office	General Office	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
	Medical/Dental Office	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Quick Vehicle Servicing	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Retail Sales and Service	Retail, Personal	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area

	Service,- Repair-oriented		
	Restaurants and Bars	None	1 per 60 sq. ft.- of floor area
	Health Clubs, Gyms, Lodges, Meeting Rooms and similar continuous entertainment, such as Arcades and Bowling Alleys	None	1 per 180 sq. ft.- of floor area
	Temporary Lodging	None	1.5 per rentable room;- for associated uses such as Restaurants,- see above
	Theaters	None	1 per 2.7 seats or 1 per 4 feet of bench area
	Retail sales and services of large items, such as appliances, furniture and equipment	None	1 per 200 sq. ft.- of floor area
Mini-storage Facilities	-	None	Same as Warehouse and Freight Movement
Vehicle Repair	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft.- of floor area
INDUSTRIAL CATEGORIES			
USE CATEGORIES	SPECIFIC USES	MINIMUM PARKING	MAXIMUM PARKING
Industrial Services, Railroad Yards, Wholesale Sales	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft.- of floor area
Manufacturing and Production	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft.- of floor area
Warehouse and Freight Movement	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft.- of floor area

Waste-related	-	Per CU review	Per CU review
INSTITUTIONAL CATEGORIES			
USE CATEGORIES	SPECIFIC USES	MINIMUM PARKING	MAXIMUM PARKING
Basic Utilities	-	None	None
Colleges	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area exclusive of dormitories, plus 1 per 2.6 dorm room
Community Service	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Daycare	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Medical Centers	-	None	1 per 200 sq. ft. of floor area
Parks and Open Areas	-	None	Per CU review for active areas
Religious Institutions	-	None	1 per 60 sq. ft. of main assembly area
Schools	Grade, Elementary, Junior High	None	2.5 per classroom
	High School	None	10.5 per classroom
OTHER CATEGORIES			
USE CATEGORIES	SPECIFIC USES	MINIMUM PARKING	MAXIMUM PARKING
Agriculture	-	None or per CU review	None or per CU review
Aviation and Surface Passenger Terminals	-	Per CU review	Per CU review
Detention Facilities	-	Per CU review	Per CU review
Essential Public Facilities	-	Per CU review	Per CU review
Wireless Communication Facilities	-	None or per CU review	None or per CU review

Rail Lines and Utility Corridors	-	None	None
[1] The Planning Director may approve different amounts of parking spaces under the exceptions listed in SMC 17C.230.130.			

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Section 17C.230.140 Development Standards

A. Purpose.

The parking area layout standards are intended to promote safe circulation within the parking area and provide for convenient entry and exit of vehicles.

B. ~~((Where These Standards Apply))~~ Applicability.

The standards of this section apply to all vehicle areas whether required or excess parking.

C. Improvements.

1. Paving.

In order to control dust and mud, all vehicle areas must be surfaced with a minimum all-weather surface. Such surface shall be specified by the city engineer. Alternatives to the specified all-weather surface may be provided, subject to approval by the city engineer. The alternative must provide results equivalent to paving. All surfacing must provide for the following minimum standards of approval:

- a. Dust is controlled.
- b. Stormwater is treated to City standards; and
- c. Rock and other debris is not tracked off-site.

The applicant shall be required to prove that the alternative surfacing provides results equivalent to paving. ~~((If, after construction, the City determines that the alternative is not providing the results equivalent to paving or is not complying with the standards of approval, paving shall be required.))~~

2. Striping.

All parking areas, except for stacked parking, must be striped in conformance with the parking dimension standards ~~((of subsection (E)))~~ of this section, except parking for ~~((single-family residences, duplexes, and accessory dwelling units))~~ Single-Unit Residential Buildings, Accessory Dwelling Units, or Middle Housing developments of no more than six units.

3. Protective Curbs Around Landscaping.

All perimeter and interior landscaped areas directly adjacent to parking aisles, parking spaces, or an abutting sidewalk must have continuous, cast in place, or extruded protective curbs along the edges. Curbs separating landscaped areas from parking areas may allow stormwater runoff to pass through them. Tire stops, bollards or other protective barriers may be used at the front ends of parking spaces. Curbs may be perforated or have gaps or breaks. Trees must have adequate protection from car doors as well as car bumpers. This provision does not apply to ~~((single family residence, duplexes and accessory dwelling units))~~ Single-Unit Residential Buildings, Accessory Dwelling Units, or Middle Housing developments of no more than six units.

D. Stormwater Management.

Stormwater runoff from parking lots is regulated by the engineering services department.

E. Parking Area Layout.

1. Access to Parking Spaces.

All parking areas, except stacked parking areas, must be designed so that a vehicle may enter or exit without having to move another vehicle.

2. Parking Space and Aisle Dimensions.

a. Parking spaces and aisles ~~((in RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, FBC CA4, O, OR, NR, NMU, CB, GC, and industrial zones must))~~ shall meet the minimum dimensions contained in Table 17C.230.140-1.

~~((b. Parking spaces and aisles in Downtown CC, and FBC CA1, CA2, CA3 zones must meet the minimum dimensions contained in Table 17C.230.140-2.))~~

~~((e))~~b. In all zones, on dead end aisles, aisles shall extend five feet beyond the last stall to provide adequate turnaround.

3. Parking for Disabled Persons.

The city building services department regulates the following disabled person parking standards and access standards through the building code and the latest ANSI standards for accessible and usable buildings and facilities:

a. Dimensions of disabled person parking spaces and access aisles.

- b. The minimum number of disabled person parking spaces required.
 - c. Location of disabled person parking spaces and circulation routes.
 - d. Curb cuts and ramps including slope, width and location; and
 - e. Signage and pavement markings.
4. A portion of a standard parking space may be landscaped instead of paved, as follows:
- a. The landscaped area may be up to two feet of the front of the space as measured from a line parallel to the direction of the bumper of a vehicle using the space, as shown in Figure ~~((17C.230-3))~~ [17C.230.140-1](#). Any vehicle overhang must be free from interference from sidewalks, landscaping, or other required elements.

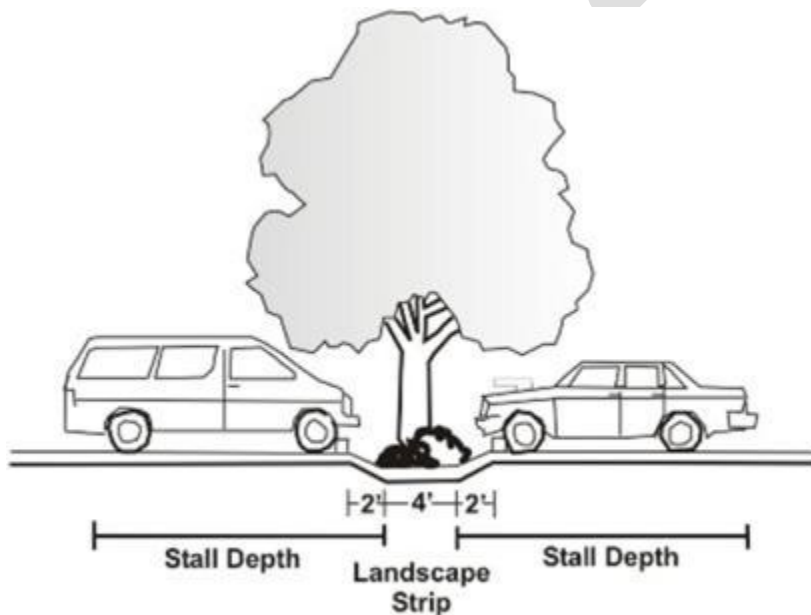


Figure 17C.230-3 Landscaped area at front of parking space

[Note: Remove image and replace with the one below]

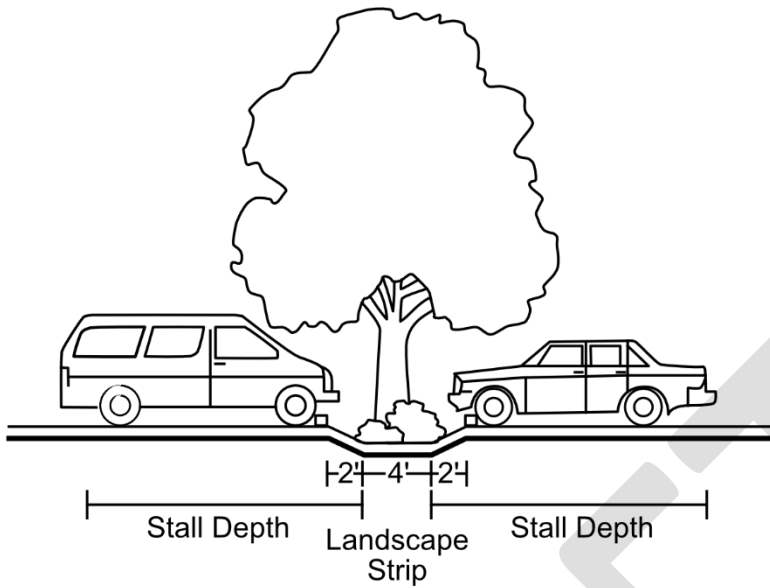


Figure 17C.230-3 Landscaped area at front of parking space

- b. Landscaping must be ground cover plants; and
- c. The landscaped area counts toward parking lot interior landscaping requirements and toward any overall site landscaping requirements. However, the landscaped area does not count toward perimeter landscaping requirements.

5. Engineering Services Department Review.

The engineering services department reviews the layout of parking areas for compliance with the curb cut and access restrictions of chapter 17H.010 SMC.

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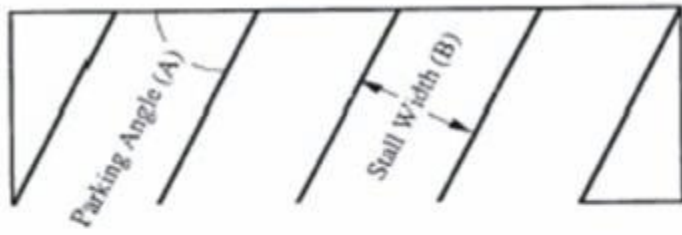
Table 17C.230.140-1 RA, R1, R2, RMF, RHD, FBC CA4, O, OR, NMU, CB, GC and Industrial Zones Minimum Parking Space and Aisle Dimensions [1, 2]					
Angle (A)	Width (B)	Curb Length (C)	1-way Aisle Width (D)	2-way Aisle Width (D)	Stall Depth (E)
0° (Parallel)	8 ft.	20 ft.	12 ft.	22 ft.	8 ft.
30°	8 ft. 6 in.	17 ft.	12 ft.	22 ft.	15 ft.
45°	8 ft. 6 in.	12 ft.	12 ft.	22 ft.	17 ft.
60°	8 ft. 6 in.	9 ft. 9 in.	16 ft.	22 ft.	18 ft.
90°	8 ft. 6 in.	8 ft. 6 in.	22 ft.	22 ft.	18 ft.

Notes:
[1] See Figure 17C.230-4.
[2] Dimensions of parking spaces for the disabled are regulated by the building code. See SMC 17C.230.140(E)(3).

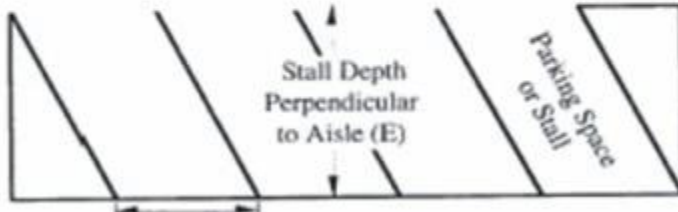
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Table ((17C.230.140-2)) 17C.230.140-1 ((Downtown, CC, NR, FBC CA1, CA2, and CA3 Zones)) Minimum Parking Space and Aisle Dimensions [1, 2]					
Angle (A)	Width (B)	Curb Length (C)	1-way Aisle Width (D)	2-way Aisle Width (D)	Stall Depth (E)
0° (Parallel)	8 ft.	20 ft.	12 ft.	20 ft.	8 ft.
30°	8 ft. 6 in.	17 ft.	12 ft.	20 ft.	15 ft.
45°	8 ft. 6 in.	12 ft.	12 ft.	20 ft.	17 ft.
60°	8 ft. 6 in.	9 ft. 9 in.	16 ft.	20 ft.	17 ft. 6 in.
90°	8 ft. 6 in.	8 ft. 6 in.	20 ft.	20 ft.	16 ft.

Notes:
((([1] See Figure 17C.230-4.))
[1] See Figure 17C.230.140-2.
[2] Dimensions of parking spaces for the disabled are regulated by the building code. See SMC 17C.230.140(E)(3).



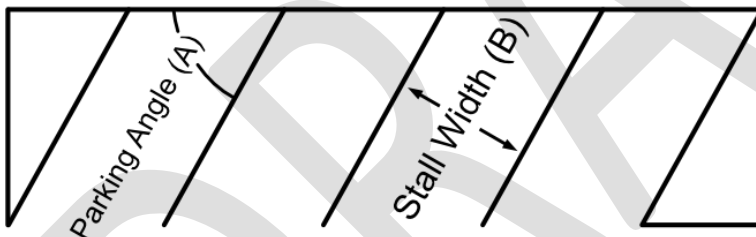
Aisle (D)



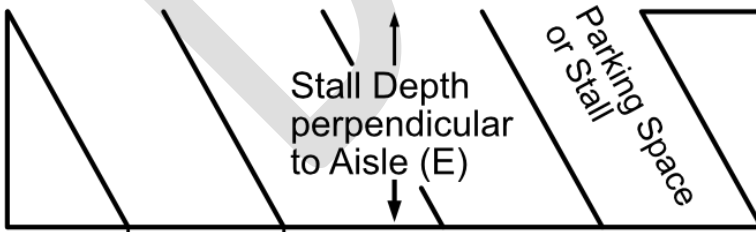
Curb Length (C)

Figure 17C.230-4 Parking Dimension Factors

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Aisle (D)

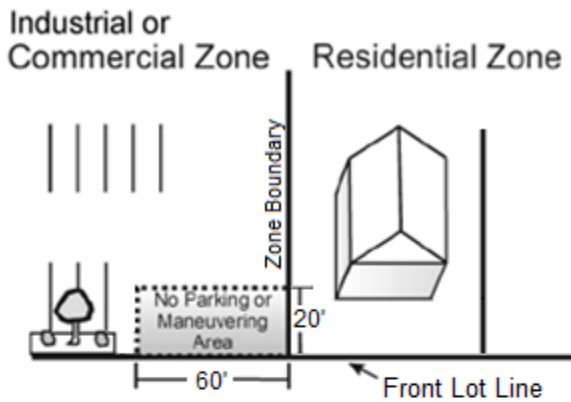


Curb Length (C)

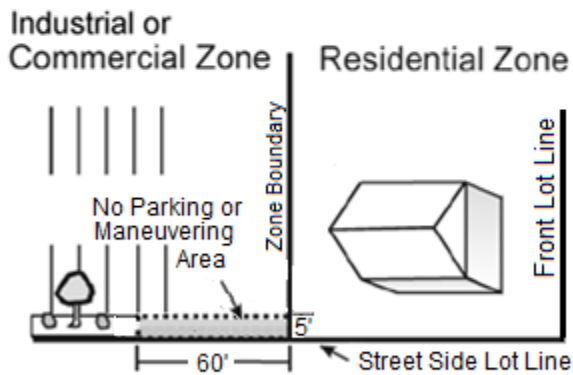
Figure 17C.230-4 Parking Dimension Factors

F. Parking Area Setbacks and Landscaping.

1. For parking areas on sites abutting residential zoning districts, parking spaces or maneuvering areas for parking spaces, other than driveways that are perpendicular to the street, are required to be setback a distance equal to the setback specified in SMC 17C.230.145(C)(1) of the adjacent residential zoning district for the first sixty feet from the zoning district boundary (Figure ((17C.230-5)) 17C.230.140-3).



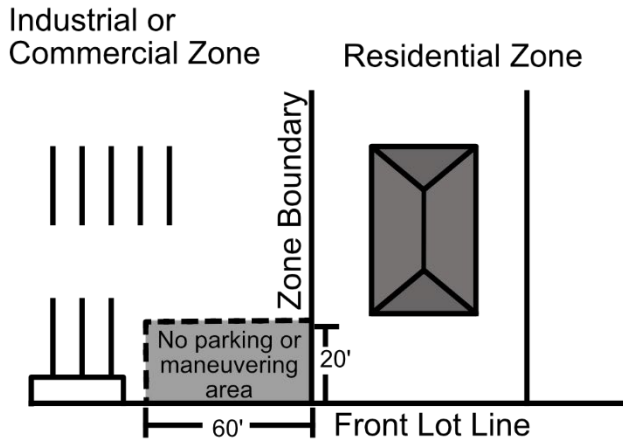
A. Setback adjacent to front lot line.



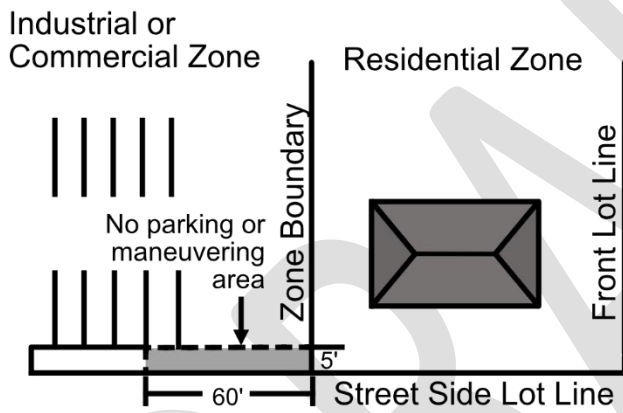
B. Setback adjacent to street side lot line.

Figure 17C.230-5 Parking Area Setback

[Note: Remove image and replace with the one below]



A. Setback adjacent to front lot line



B. Setback adjacent to street lot line.

Figure 17C.230-5 Parking Area Setback

2. All landscaping must comply with the standards of chapter 17C.200 SMC, Landscaping and Screening.

Section 17G.080.040 Short Subdivisions

A. Predevelopment Meeting

A predevelopment meeting is ~~((required if the proposal is located in the central business district, unless waived by the director, and is))~~ recommended ~~((for all other proposals))~~ for new short subdivisions prior to submittal of the application. The purpose of a predevelopment meeting is to acquaint the applicant with the applicable provisions of this chapter, minimum submission requirements and other plans or regulations, which may impact the proposal.

B. Preliminary Short Plat Application and Map Requirements

1. Applications for approval of a preliminary short subdivision shall be filed with the director. All applications shall be submitted on forms provided for such purpose by the department. The director may waive specific submittal requirements determined to be unnecessary for review of the application. The application shall include the following:
 - a. The general application.
 - b. The supplemental application.
 - c. The environmental checklist, if required under chapter 17E.050 SMC.
 - d. Title report no older than thirty days from issuance from the title company.
 - e. The filing fees as required under chapter 8.02 SMC.
 - f. ~~((The required number of documents, plans or maps))~~ One electronic copy of the proposed preliminary plat map drawn to a minimum scale of one-inch equals one hundred feet ~~((, on a sheet twenty-four by thirty-six inches, as set forth in the application checklist))~~.
 - g. A written narrative identifying consistency with the applicable policies, regulations and criteria for approval of the permit requested; and
 - h. Additional application information which may be requested by the permitting department and may include, but is not limited to, the following: geotechnical studies, hydrologic studies, critical area studies, noise studies, air quality studies, visual analysis and transportation impact studies.
 - i. One copy of the predevelopment conference notes (if applicable); and
 - j. One copy of the notification district map, if required.

2. Contents of Preliminary Short Plat Map

The preliminary short plat shall be prepared by a land surveyor and shall show the following:

- a. Plat name and the name of any subdivision to be replatted.
- b. The name, mailing address and phone number of the owner and the person with whom official contact should be made regarding the application.
- c. Surveyor's name, mailing address, and phone number.
- d. Legal description.
- e. Section, township, and ~~((rang))~~ range
- f. Vicinity map.
- g. North arrow, scale and date.
- h. Datum plane.
- i. Acreage.
- j. Number of lots, proposed density, and number of housing units.
- k. Zoning designation.
- l. The boundary lines of the proposed subdivision.
- m. City limits and section lines.
- n. Park or open space (if proposed).
- o. Existing topography at two-foot maximum interval.
- p. The boundaries and approximate dimensions of all blocks and lots, along with the following information:
 - i. the numbers proposed to be assigned each lot and block;
 - ii. the dimensions, square footage, and acreage of all proposed lots and tracts; and
 - iii. for residential lots zoned R1 or R2, the ~~((proposed Middle Housing types, included single unit detached houses, and))~~ total number of proposed units on ~~((all))~~ each proposed ~~((lots))~~ lot.
- q. Proposed names of streets.
- r. The location and widths of streets, alleys, rights-of-way, easements (both public and private), turn around and emergency access, parks and open spaces.
- s. Conditions of adjacent property, platted or unplatted, and if platted, giving the name of the subdivision. If the proposed short plat is the subdivision of a portion of an existing plat, the approximate lines of the existing plat are to be shown along with any and all recorded covenants and easement

- t. The names and address of the record owners and taxpayers of each parcel adjoining the subdivision.
- u. Indicate any street grades in excess of eight percent.
- v. The location and, where ascertainable, sizes of all permanent buildings, wells, wellhead protection areas, sewage disposal systems, water courses, bodies of water, flood zones, culverts, bridges, structures, overhead and underground utilities, railroad lines, and other features existing upon, over or under the land proposed to be subdivided, and identifying any which are to be retained or removed.
- w. Proposed one-foot strips for right-of-way conveyed to the City, in cases where a proposed public street or alley abuts unplatted land.
- x. If a body of water forms the boundary of the plat, the ordinary high water mark as defined in chapter 90.58 RCW.
- y. Critical areas as defined in chapters 17E.020, 17E.030, 17E.070 and 17G.030 SMC.
- z. Significant historic, cultural or archaeological resources; and
- aa. If the proposal is located in an irrigation district, the irrigation district name.

C. Review of Preliminary Short Plat

1. The application shall be reviewed in accordance with the procedures set forth in chapter 17G.061 SMC for a Type II application, except an application that meets the requirements for minor engineering review as provided in subsection (2) of this section shall be excluded from the public notice requirements contained in SMC 17G.06210 and public comment period under SMC 17G.061.220.
2. Minor Engineering Review.
 - a. A preliminary short plat application may qualify for a Minor Engineering Review if it meets all of the following conditions:
 - i. The application is categorically exempt from chapter 43.21C RCW (SEPA);
 - ii. There is direct water and sewer main lot frontage on an existing and improved public right-of-way;
 - iii. No extensions of public water, sewer, or other utility services will be needed;
 - iv. No public easements for water, sewer, or other utility service exists on the lot;

- v. The lot is not situated in a Special Drainage District as defined in SMC 17D.060.130; and
 - vi. Public utility mains do not exist on the lot.
- b. The City Engineer is authorized to ~~((waiver))~~ waive conditions ii through vi of ~~((the-subjection))~~ subsection (a) if the application substantially meets the intent of the Minor Engineering Review.

D. Public Notice And Public Comment.

All public notice of the application and opportunities for public comment shall be given in accordance with the procedures set forth in chapter 17G.061 SMC for a Type II application.

1. Exceptions.

- a. A short plat that meets the requirements of Minor Engineering Review as provided in subsection (C)(2) of this section shall not require a notice of application.
- b. A short plat that is categorically exempt from SEPA and results in four or fewer lots shall not require a posted or signed notice of application.

E. Preliminary Short Plat Approval Criteria.

Prior to approval of a short plat application, the director shall find the application to be in the public use and interest, conform to applicable land use controls and the comprehensive plan of the City, and the approval criteria set forth in chapter 17G.061 SMC. The director has the authority to approve or disapprove a proposed preliminary short plat under the provisions of this chapter, subject to appeal as provided in chapters 17F.050 and 17G.061 SMC.

F. Final Short Plat Review Procedure

- 1. The subdivider shall submit to the director for review the following:
 - a. A final short plat, prepared by a registered land surveyor licensed in the state of Washington, consistent with the approved preliminary short plat.
 - b. A title report less than thirty days old confirming that the title of the lands as described and shown on said plat is in the name of the owners signing the certificate or instrument of dedication.

- c. Covenants, conditions and restrictions, if applicable; and
 - d. Fees pursuant to chapter 8.02 SMC.
2. Within thirty days, unless the applicant has consented to a longer period of time, of receipt of a proposed final short plat, the director shall review the plat for conformance with all conditions of the preliminary short plat approval, the requirements of this chapter and that arrangements have been made to insure the construction of required improvements. If all such conditions are met, the director shall approve the final short plat and authorize the recording of the plat. If all conditions are not met, the director shall provide the applicant in writing a statement of the necessary changes to bring the final short plat into conformance with the conditions.
- a. If the final short plat is required to be resubmitted, the subdivider is required to provide the following:
 - b. A cover letter addressing the corrections, additions or modifications required.
 - c. Title report no older than thirty days from issuance of a title company conforming that the title of the lands as described and shown on said plat is in the name of the owners signing the certificate or instrument of dedication; and
 - d. The required number of copies of the corrected final short plat map.
3. If the final short plat is approved, the surveyor causes the plat to be signed by the Spokane county treasurer and file of record with the Spokane county auditor. The surveyor is required to file the appropriate number of mylar and bond copies of the recorded short plat with the director.

G. Final Short Plat Map Requirements

The subdivider shall submit to the director a final short plat in the same form and with the same content as the preliminary short plat, as provided in subsections (B)(1) and (2) of this section, with the following exceptions or additional requirements:

- 1. A final short plat shall contain all the information required of the preliminary plat, except the following:
 - a. Show existing buildings.
 - b. Show existing utility lines and underground structures.
 - c. Show the topographical elevations; or
 - d. Contain the names and addresses of adjoining landowners.

2. The final short plat shall include the following:

- a. Surveyor's certificate, stamp, date and signature, as follows:
The following land surveyor's certificate to be shown on each sheet of the plat: "I, _____ registered land surveyor, hereby certify the plat of _____, as shown hereon, is based upon actual field survey of the land described and that all angles, distances, and courses are correctly shown and that all non fronting lot corners are set as shown on the plat. Monuments and fronting lot corners shall be set upon completion of the utility and street improvements.

Signed _____ (Seal)"

- b. A certification by the city treasurer, as applicable:

- i. "I hereby certify that the land described by this plat, as of the date of this certification, is not subject to any local improvement assessments. Examined and approved, this _____ day of _____, 20__.

City of Spokane Treasurer"

- ii. "I hereby certify that the land described by this plat, as of the date of this certificate, is not subject to any delinquent local improvement assessment. Future installments, if any, shall remain due and payable and it shall be the responsibility of the owners to initiate the segregation of the LID assessment. Examined and approved, this _____ day of _____, 20__.

City of Spokane Treasurer"

- iii. "A preliminary local improvement assessment exists against this property. It shall be the responsibility of the owner's to initiate the segregation of the LID assessment. After this assessment is finalized, it shall be due and payable. Examined and approved this _____ day of _____, 20__.

City of Spokane Treasurer"

c. The certification by the planning director, as follows:

“This plat has been reviewed on this _____ day of _____, 20____ and is found to be in full compliance with all the conditions of approval stipulated in the Hearing Examiner’s/Planning Director’s approval of the preliminary plat # - -PP/SP.

City of Spokane Planning Director”

d. The certification by the city engineer, as follows:

“Approved as to compliance with the survey data, the design of public works and provisions made for constructing the improvements and permanent control monuments this _____ day of _____, 20____.

City of Spokane Engineer”

e. The certification by the Spokane county treasurer, as follows:

“I hereby certify that the land described in this plat, as of the date of this certification, is not subject to any outstanding fees or assessments. Examined and approved _____ day of _____, 20____.

Spokane County Treasurer”

f. The certification by the Spokane county auditor on each page of the final short plat including the time, date, book and page number of the recording of the final mylar.

g. Signature of every owner certifying that:

- i. the plat is made with the free consent and in accordance with the desires of the owners of the land;
- ii. the plat is made with the free consent and in accordance with the desires of the owners of the land;
- iii. the owners are the owners of the property and the only parties having interest in the land and is not encumbered by any delinquent taxes or assessments;
- iv. the owners adopt the plan of lots, blocks and streets shown;

- v. owner dedicates to the City and the City's permittees the easements shown for utilities and cable television purposes;
- vi. owner dedicates to the City the streets, alleys and other public places, including slope and construction easements and waives all claims for damages against any governmental authority including, without limitation, the City which may be occasioned to the adjacent land by the establishment, construction, drainage and maintenance of any public way so dedicated; and
- vii. owner conveys to the City as general City property the buffer strips adjoining unplatted property.

h. The drawing shall:

- i. be a legibly drawn, printed or reproduced permanent map;
- ii. if more than one sheet is required, each sheet shall show sheet numbers for the total sheets;
- iii. have margins that comply with the standards of the Spokane county auditor;
- iv. show in dashed lines the existing plat being replatted, if applicable;
- v. show monuments in accordance with SMC 17G.080.020(H)(1);
- vi. include any other information required by the conditions of approval; and
- vii. include any special statements of approval required from governmental agencies, including those pertaining to flood hazard areas, shorelines, critical areas and connections to adjacent state highways.

H. Filing.

Once the final plat has been reviewed, approved and signed by the applicable departments, the applicant shall file the final short plat with the county auditor within ten days of approval. No permits shall be issued for a proposed lot until the required conformed copies of the short plat have been submitted to the planning services department.

I. Redivision.

No land within the boundaries of a short subdivision may be further divided in any manner which will create additional lots within a period of five years except by subdivision in accordance with SMC 17G.080.050.

Section 17G.080.065 Unit Lot Subdivisions

A. Purpose.

The purpose of these provisions is to allow for the more flexible creation of lots of varying sizes and types, including for attached housing, cottage housing, and similar developments with multiple dwelling units on a parent site, while applying only those site development standards applicable to the parent site as a whole, rather than to individual lots resulting from the subdivision.

B. Applicability.

A unit lot subdivision creates a relationship between the parent site and each lot created, referred to as a “child” lot.

1. Unit Lot Subdivisions are allowed for all residential development on parent sites of two acres or less in zones that allow residential development. Subdivisions with a commercial or other non-residential use seeking similar flexibility must be approved through another platting action under chapter 17G.080 SMC.
2. A ~~((unit lot subdivision))~~ Unit Lot Subdivision may be used in any development with two or more dwelling units meeting the standards of this section.
3. A ~~((unit lot subdivision))~~ Unit Lot Subdivision may also be used to subdivide an existing or planned accessory dwelling unit from the principal structure, subject to the additional standards in subsection ~~((F))~~ (G) of this section.
4. A ~~((unit lot subdivision))~~ Unit Lot Subdivision may be combined with a subdivision or short subdivision so long as the portion of the development utilizing this section meets the ~~((requirements))~~ standards of this section and the additional requirements of subsection (E).

C. Application Procedure.

Unit ~~((lot subdivisions))~~ Lot Subdivisions resulting in nine or fewer lots shall be processed as short plats and all others shall be processed as subdivisions according to the associated permit types in chapter 17G.061 SMC.

D. General Regulations.

1. ~~((A unit lot subdivision shall meet development standards applicable to the parent lot's zoning, including but not limited to))~~ The parent site as a whole

shall meet all applicable development standards with respect to its surroundings, including but not limited to:

- a. Setbacks;
- b. ~~((Lot-size))~~ Building coverage;
- c. Design standards;
- ~~((e))~~d. ~~((Building))~~ Street frontage; and
- ~~((d))~~e. ~~((Floor-area-ratio))~~ Density;

2. So long as the parent site meets the applicable standards as a whole, each child lot may deviate from site development standards including but not limited to:

- a. Setbacks;
- b. Building coverage;
- c. Street frontage; and
- d. Density.

- ~~((2))~~3. All buildings shall meet all applicable provisions of the building and fire code;
- ~~((3))~~4. Lots created through a ~~((unit lot subdivision))~~ Unit Lot Subdivision shall be subject to all applicable requirements of Title 17 SMC, except as otherwise modified by this section;
- ~~((4))~~5. Each child lot's area and width for purposes of subdivision may be as small as the footprint of the building situated upon it, subject to the requirements of the building and fire code;
- ~~((5))~~6. Portions of the parent site ~~((not subdivided for child lots))~~ designated for common use shall be identified as Tracts or other common space and owned in common by the owners of the child lots or a larger collective organization. For example, a homeowners association comprised of the owners of the child lots located within the parent site. This requirement shall be included in deed restrictions as required in subsection ~~((E))~~ (F) of this section;
- ~~((6))~~7. The parent site and each child lot shall make adequate provisions for ingress, egress, and utility access to and from each lot created by reserving such common areas or other easements over and across the parent site as deemed necessary to comply with all other design and development standards generally applicable to the underlying site development plan.
- ~~((7))~~8. Separation requirements for utilities ~~((must))~~ shall be met.
- ~~((8))~~9. Driveways providing vehicle access to lots shall not serve more than nine (9) units unless approved by the City Engineer.

E. Combining with Other Platting Types.

When combined with another platting type, the following additional requirements apply:

1. A parent site within a larger subdivision is defined as the contiguous acreage identified for use of the Unit Lot Subdivision rules.
2. The plat shall identify and delineate all parent sites where Unit Lot Subdivision rules are to be applied.
3. A subdivision may include multiple parent sites. The aggregate size of all parent sites shall not exceed two acres.

~~(E)~~E. Recording.

1. The plat recorded with the county auditor's office shall include the following:
 - a. Access easements, joint use and maintenance agreements, and covenants, conditions, and restrictions identifying the rights and responsibilities of property owners and/or the homeowners association for use and maintenance of common garage, parking and vehicle access areas; on-site recreation; landscaping; utilities; common open space; exterior building facades and roofs; and other similar features.
 - b. A note that approval of the subdivision was granted by the review of the site as a whole (stating the subject project file number if applicable);
 - c. A note that subsequent platting actions, additions or modifications to the structure(s) may not create or increase any nonconformity of the parent site as a whole, and shall conform to the approved site development plan;
 - d. A note stating that if a structure or portion of a structure has been damaged or destroyed, any repair, reconstruction or replacement of the structure(s) shall conform to the approved site development plan;
 - e. A note that additional development of the individual lots may be limited as a result of the application of development standards to the parent ~~(sit)~~ site.
2. The legal description of each lot shall identify it as part of a unit lot subdivision.

~~(F)~~G. Accessory Dwelling Units.

A lot with an accessory dwelling unit may be subdivided under this section with the following additional requirements:

1. ~~((All utility lines for the accessory dwelling unit must branch from a common line on a portion of the parent site owned in common.))~~ Utility lines may cross property lines internal to the development provided that easements are placed to preserve access and protect them.
2. The plat recorded with the county auditor's office shall further specify the following:
 - a. The child lot that is associated with the accessory dwelling unit;
 - b. That the child lot associated with the accessory dwelling unit is subject to any and all additional regulations of an accessory dwelling unit under the Spokane Municipal Code.
3. The legal description of a lot for an accessory dwelling unit shall identify the lot as an accessory dwelling unit within a ~~((unit lot subdivision))~~ Unit Lot Subdivision.

EXHIBIT B

17. Update on SREC
18. Update from Catholic Charities

Consent items

1. 1970 – Gall's VB Renewal for Firefighter Uniforms
2. 0680 – Approval of Police Jumpsuits Value Blanket
3. 0680 – AXON MY90 Pilot Project
4. 0680 – AXON Interview Room System
5. 0680 – AXON Fleet 3
6. 0680 – Acceptance of Registered Sex Offender Grant FY 24-25

Executive session

None.

Adjournment

The meeting adjourned at 11:40 AM

Hearing Notices

Notice of Intent to Adopt 2024 Building Opportunities for Housing (BOH) Follow UP Fixes

The City of Spokane Planning Services Department proposed amendments to various code sections to correct errors, clarify requirements, and make it easier to implement.

Project Description: The proposal amends 17A.020.060 "F" Definitions, 17C.111.205 Development Standards Tables, 17C.111.210 Density, 17C.111.220 Building Coverage and Impervious Coverage, 17C.111.235 Setbacks, 17C.111.310 Open Space, 17C.111.315 Entrances, 17C.111.320 Windows, 17C.111.325 Building Articulation, 17C.111.335 Parking Facilities, 17C.111.420 Open Spaces, 17C.111.450 Pitched Roofs, 17C.230.020 Vehicle Parking Summary Table, 17C.230.100 General Standards, 17C.230.110 Minimum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.120 Maximum Required Parking Spaces, 17C.230.130 Parking Exceptions, 17C.230.140 Development Standards, 17G.080.040 Short Subdivisions, 17G.080.065 Unit Lot Subdivisions, and 17H.010.040 Initiation of Street Improvement Projects.

SEPA: These proposed changes will be reviewed as a non-project action under the State Environmental Policy Act (SEPA) under Spokane Municipal Code Section 17E.050.

Legislative Process: Initial Plan Commission Workshops were held on August 28, 2024, September 11, 2024, October 9th, 2024, and one is scheduled for October 23rd, 2024 to introduce the Commission to proposed amendments. A Plan Commission Public Hearing is tentatively scheduled for November 13, 2024. City Council action is expected to occur in Winter 2024.

More information: Any person may call or email Ryan Shea, Planner II, for more information regarding this proposed amendment. rshea@spokanecity.org, 509-625-6087.

BUILDING OFFICIAL HEARING NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the Building Official has caused proper notice to be served upon the persons responsible for 1522 W Maxwell Avenue, PARCEL NO: 25131.3911 LEGAL DESCRIPTION: CHAMBERLIN ADD L11 B39 in compliance with the Spokane Municipal Code stating that a first hearing on this matter will be held before the Building Official on October 29, 2024, at 1:30 p.m. These hearings are held at 808 W Spokane Falls Blvd. Spokane. WA 99201, in the Council Briefing Room, Lower Level, City Hall. Remote participation is also available via Microsoft Teams, and remote participation information for this hearing will be posted on the city website as well on each agenda, which can be found under the substandard building topic here: <https://my.spokanecity.org/neighborhoods/code-enforcement/topics/>.

Notice is hereby given that attention has been directed to anyone who knows the present address or whereabouts of the owner or to any new owner or person in the position of responsibility over this property to contact the City of Spokane regarding plans to correct deficiencies and avoid potential outcomes of the show cause hearing, which may include a demolition or receivership order. Not hearing further on this matter the said first hearing will proceed. For more information on this hearing, including information regarding participation in the remote hearing, please contact:

Jennifer Loparco
Code Enforcement, City of Spokane
808 West Spokane Falls Blvd.
Spokane, WA 99201-3333



NONPROJECT DETERMINATION OF NONSIGNIFICANCE

FILE NO(s): 24-010CODE BOH Follow Up Fixes

PROPONENT: City of Spokane

DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSAL:

In November of 2023 the City of Spokane adopted new zoning regulations for lower-intensity residential zones. These changes, referred to as “Building Opportunity for Housing” (BOH) permanently implemented the temporary changes put in place by the Building Opportunities and Choices for All program (BOCA).

BOH was a major change to The City’s zoning regulations. As staff have worked with developers and property owners to implement the new regulations, many issues have been identified. This is an expected aspect of adopting major changes to the development code.

This proposal is expected to improve the public’s understanding of the code requirements and make it easier for staff to administer requirements. It also modifies some requirements based on challenges that exist in the current code that have been identified during review of proposed projects.

Plan Commission Consideration:

This proposal will be brought forward to Plan Commission for a hearing later this year.

LOCATION OF PROPOSAL, INCLUDING STREET ADDRESS, IF ANY: Citywide

LEAD AGENCY: City of Spokane

The lead agency for this proposal has determined that it does not have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. An Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) is not required under RCW [43.21C.030\(2\)\(c\)](#). This decision was made after review of a completed environmental checklist and other information on file with the lead agency. This information is available to the public upon request.

- There is no comment period for this DNS.
- This DNS is issued after using the optional DNS process in section 197-11-355 WAC. There is no further comment period on the DNS.
- This DNS is issued under 197-11-340(2); the lead agency will not act on this proposal for at least 14 days from the date of issuance (below). **Comments regarding this DNS must be submitted no later than 4:00 p.m. on Nov. 13, 2024 if they are intended to alter the DNS.**

Responsible Official: Spencer Gardner **Position/Title:** Director, Planning Services

Address: 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., Spokane, WA 99201 **Phone:** 509-625-6097

Date Issued:10/29/2024 **Signature:** 

APPEAL OF THIS DETERMINATION



After a determination has become final, appeal may be made to:

Responsible Official: City of Spokane Hearing Examiner

Address: 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., Spokane, WA 99201

Email: hearingexaminer@spokanecity.org

Phone: 509-625-6010

Deadline: 21 days from the date of the signed DNS

12:00 p.m. on MM DD, 2024

The appeal must be on forms provided by the Responsible Official, and make specific factual objections. Appeals must be accompanied by the appeal fee. Contact the Responsible Official for assistance with the specifics of a SEPA appeal.





SEPA City Nonproject DNS- BOH Fixes

Final Audit Report

2024-10-29

Created:	2024-10-29
By:	Angela McCall (amccall@spokanecity.org)
Status:	Signed
Transaction ID:	CBJCHBCAABAAQAsXAJ2uEMV6wLDJqSwZ5mV6iCBAnQX-

"SEPA City Nonproject DNS- BOH Fixes" History

-  Document created by Angela McCall (amccall@spokanecity.org)
2024-10-29 - 3:16:45 PM GMT
-  Document emailed to Spencer Gardner (sgardner@spokanecity.org) for signature
2024-10-29 - 3:17:26 PM GMT
-  Email viewed by Spencer Gardner (sgardner@spokanecity.org)
2024-10-29 - 3:31:51 PM GMT
-  Document e-signed by Spencer Gardner (sgardner@spokanecity.org)
Signature Date: 2024-10-29 - 3:32:20 PM GMT - Time Source: server
-  Agreement completed.
2024-10-29 - 3:32:20 PM GMT

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING AND NOTICE OF SEPA DETERMINATION PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE SPOKANE MUNICIPAL CODE RELATED TO THE BUILDING OPPORTUNITY FOR HOUSING PROJECT

Notice is hereby given that a SEPA Determination has been made and that the City of Spokane Plan Commission will hold a Public Hearing in a hybrid format on Wednesday, November 13, 2024 beginning at 4 p.m. in the Council Chambers, Lower Level of City Hall, 808 West Spokane Falls Blvd. and online via the Microsoft Teams Meetings software and over the phone, to receive public testimony regarding proposed citywide amendments to SMC Chapters 17A.020.060, 17C.111.205, 17C.111.210, 17C.111.220, 17C.111.235, 17C.111.310, 17C.111.315, 17C.111.320, 17C.111.325, 17C.111.335, 17C.111.420, 17C.111.450, 17C.230.020, 17C.230.100, 17C.230.110, 17C.230.120, 17C.230.130, 17C.230.140, 17G.080.040, and 17G.080.065. This hearing or portions thereof may be continued to a later date at the discretion of the Plan Commission.

Public testimony on these applications will be taken at the hearing and will be made part of the record. Written comments and oral testimony at the public hearing will be made part of the public record. Only the applicant, persons submitting written comments, and persons testifying at the hearing may appeal the decision.

Any person may submit written comments on the proposed action or request additional information:

City of Spokane, Planning Services & Economic Development, Ryan Shea, Planner II, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., Spokane, WA 99201 (509) 625-6500; rshea@spokanecity.org

LOCATION: Citywide

SEPA: A SEPA Checklist for this non-project action has been submitted. A Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) was issued on October 30, 2024, under WAC 197-11-340(2); the lead agency will not act on this proposal for at least 14 days. Comments regarding this DNS must be submitted no later than 4 pm, November 13, 2024, if they are intended to alter the DNS.

To learn more: Project webpage: https://my.spokanecity.org/projects/building-opportunity-for-housing-follow-up-code-amendments/

How to Attend the Meeting: The Public can attend the meeting in-person in the City Council Chambers at 808 W Spokane Falls Blvd. People may also attend online via Microsoft Teams or call in by phone to hear and testify. Access the meeting link and call-in information at the agenda posted in advance on the Commission's website: https://my.spokanecity.org/bcc/commissions/plan-commission/

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) INFORMATION: The City of Spokane is committed to providing equal access to its facilities, programs and services for persons with disabilities. The Spokane City Council Chamber in the lower level of Spokane City Hall, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., is wheelchair accessible and is equipped with an infrared assistive listening system for persons with hearing loss. Headsets may be checked out (upon presentation of picture I.D.) at the City Cable 5 Production Booth located on the First Floor of the Municipal Building, directly above the Chase Gallery or through the meeting organizer. Individuals requesting reasonable accommodations or further information may call, write, or email Risk Management at 509.625.6221, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd, Spokane, WA, 99201; or mlowmaster@spokanecity.org. Persons who are deaf or hard of hearing may contact Human Resources through the Washington Relay Service at 7-1-1. Please contact us forty-eight (48) hours before the meeting date. SR225930

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE 5th DAY OF NOVEMBER 2024 AT 2:00 PM A PUBLIC AUCTION WILL BE HELD FOR THE PURPOSE OF SATISFYING A LANDLORDS LIEN ON THE CONTENTS OF 1 STORAGE UNIT (S), AT STORAGEAUCTION.COM. THE GOODS TO BE SOLD ARE GENERALLY DESCRIBED AS HOUSEHOLD ITEMS, FURNITURE AND BOXES.

UNIT 0949 ISAAC JOLLEY 649 LYNNWOOD LOOP RICHLAND WA 99354

UNIT 0340 ALEXANDER COLLINSON 101 E WEDGEWOOD AVE SPOKANE WA 992208

UNIT 0148 & 0060 LINDA THAIN 15019 E WELLSLEY AVE SPOKANE VALLEY WA 99218

UNIT 0346 LEAONA MIRANDA 2124 E BISMARCK AVE SPOKANE WA 99208 SR225599

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ON THE 3rd DAY OF DECEMBER 2024 AT 2:00 PM A PUBLIC AUCTION WILL BE HELD FOR THE PURPOSE OF SATISFYING A LANDLORDS LIEN ON THE CONTENTS OF 5 STORAGE UNIT (S), AT STORAGEAUCTION.COM. THE GOODS TO BE SOLD ARE GENERALLY DESCRIBED AS HOUSEHOLD ITEMS, FURNITURE AND BOXES.

UNIT 2029 MERRILL SMITH 315 N 15TH ST APT B COEUR D ALENE ID 83814

UNIT 2129 ANTHONY SCARDINA 615 W STODDARD COEUR D ALENE ID 83814

UNIT 3138 MARY MCCORMICK 2707 N FRUITLAND LM F40 COEUR D ALENE ID 83815

UNIT 0030 KATRINA DOUGALL 2914 N FRANCIS COEUR D ALENE ID 83814

UNIT 1218 JESSICA WIESE 2005 E FRONT AVE 1 COEUR D ALENE ID 83814 SR225369

REQUEST FOR PROPOSAL

Property Management Services

RFP NO. 14321

Spokane County Requests That Qualified Parties Submit Proposals To: www.publicpurchase.com

PURPOSE: The purpose of this Request for Proposal (RFP) is for Spokane County ("the County"), is soliciting proposals from interested parties who offer property management services.

THE BOARD hereby notifies all bidders that no person or organization shall be discriminated against on the basis of race, religion, color, age, sex, sexual orientation or national origin in consideration for an award issued pursuant to this advertisement. Additionally, minority and women owned business enterprises are encouraged to submit bids in response to this invitation.

COPIES of the RFP document are only available electronically and can be downloaded from www.publicpurchase.com.

SUBMITTALS, due by 11:00am local time, November 13, 2024, should follow the format outlined in the request for bid document on www.publicpurchase.com.

QUESTIONS regarding the bid process shall be submitted via www.publicpurchase.com. Spokane County Purchasing will respond to questions via www.publicpurchase.com, thus providing all questions and answers to all prospective bidders.

DATED THIS 29th day of October, 2024.

Gianna Vasquez, Clerk of the Board SR225951

LEGAL NOTICES

PUBLIC HEARING

The Deer Park City Council will hold a public hearing on Wednesday, November 6, 2024, and Wednesday, November 20, 2024 at 7:00 p.m. to receive written and oral communications in reference to Ordinance 2024-1025 that sets the property tax levy and revenue sources for the 2024 preliminary budget. The hearings will be held at City Hall, 316 E. Crawford, and Deer Park, WA.

Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) accommodations provided upon request.

By: Deby Cragun, City Clerk/Treasurer Published: October 30, 2024, and November 13, 2024 SR225789

MERCHANDISE FOR SALE

BABY TAYLOR GUITAR new condition, \$280 obo, w/ soft case and strap, 208-659-1974.

WURLITZER PIANO You move. \$500 CASH No text. 509-484-3286

MERCHANDISE WANTED

\$\$\$Paying top dollar\$\$ for Sports card collections & Pokémon. Premium paid for vintage pre-1980. Corey 541-838-0364

Wanted Postcards & Black & White Photographs, any subject. Even old family photo albums. For top dollar. Mark (509) 951-7783



CEMETERY LOTS

GREENWOOD CEMETERY PLOT Top of the hill, "Inspiration" lawn, 1 plot with companion urn, second use, and marker. Today's value \$9,272. Will sell for \$7,000, includes \$295 property transfer fee. Please text 509-951-7356.



DOGS



AKC DOBERMAN PUPPIES AKC Doberman Pinscher puppies for sale. 3 black/rust males, 1 blue/rust female. 1 year health guarantee, delivery available, tails cropped, dew claws removed. Ready for forever homes November 21st. \$2500. 509-859-9818



AKC MINI AMER. SHEPHERD 8wks, \$1000+, all colors, exc. hthh, Sire Gr. CH. 1yr old, \$500, 509-979-9270



BORDER COLLIE PUPPIES These are purebred with both parents being registered in multiple registries. They were born September 6th, so are close to being ready. We are taking reservations at this time so folks may choose their favorite. We are located north of Spokane and are currently welcoming folks to come meet them. We also can send photos to folks that are too far to come see them and are offering delivery for those interested. Please text or call for information. Call or Text 509-936-4184 Starting at \$600.

ICELANDIC SHEEPDOGS - AVAILABLE NOW 3 AKC registered Icelandic Sheepdog Puppies - 2 - male, 1 - female. 10 weeks old. Had a vet wellness check, 1st shots, de-worming and chipped. Call Patty - 509-668-1503



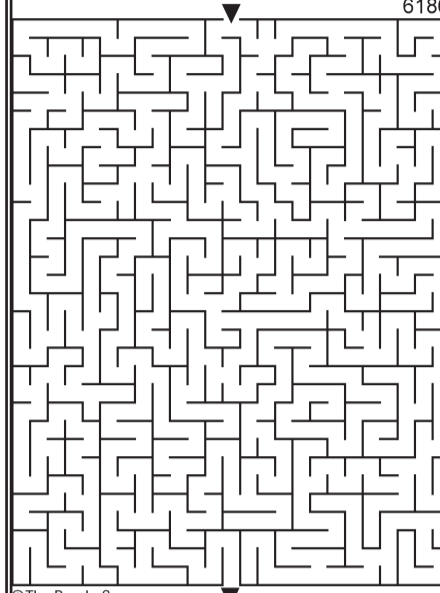
WORD Roundup

Find and Circle... Four four-letter units of length Four words related to hockey Three seven-letter countries Three birds of prey Two fish starting with T

Answers to Tuesday's puzzle: LEMMING LEOPARD LLAMA LEMUR LION / SYRUP LEAF TREE / TRIANGLE CIRCLE OVAL / FRANCE SPAIN ITALY / ZIPPER

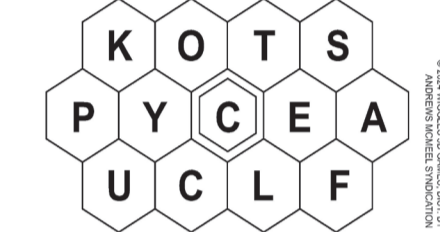


Minute Maze



LEXICO Start at the double hexagon. Spell solutions to the clues below by winding your way through the grid. You can backtrack to use letters more than once. Each new word starts with the last letter of the previous word.

- 1. Travel by bike C
2. Canvas holder
3. Information sheet L
4. 'Godzilla' setting
5. Take up residence in O



BRIDGE Bobby Wolff, Dist. by Andrews McMeel for UFS

Those to whom no distant horizons beckon ... for whom no challenges remain ... though they have inherited a Universe ... they possess only empty sand! Stan Lee

When this deal was first played in an online pairs game, South reached the inferior five diamonds after a unilateral action at his second turn saw him bypass three no-trump. Doubling — with the intent of pulling spades or clubs to diamonds to show a strong hand, but otherwise intending to pass three no-trump — would have been better. This sequence would not be 100% forcing in my book.

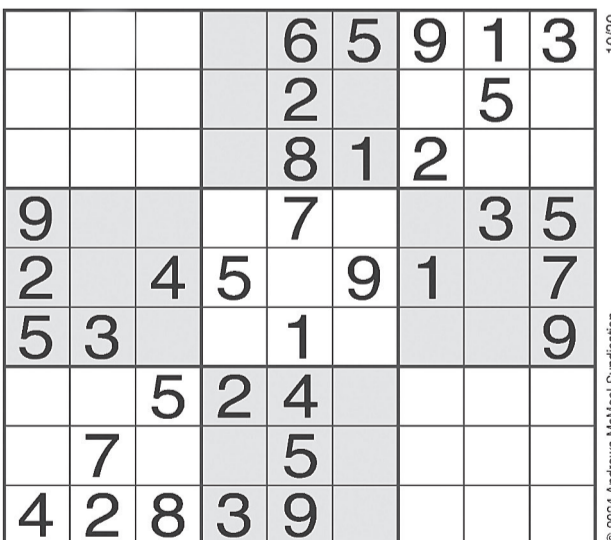
West led a heart to dummy's ace, and declarer immediately laid down the diamond ace-king, getting the bad news. He exited with a third round of trumps, but West still had a safe heart exit. Declarer ruffed and played out the spade ace and another spade. West taking his two black-suit tricks for one down.

South could have given his contract a better go. East would have bid four hearts with king-queen-jack-eighth of that suit, so it was relatively safe to ruff a heart at trick two, which would have the effect of extracting West's exit card. Then come the diamond ace, king and a third diamond, forcing West to open a black suit. A club shift is immediately fatal, but a low spade is no better. Declarer wins with the spade 10, ruffs a heart and runs all his diamonds.

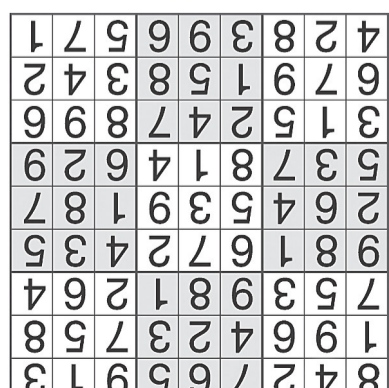
In the four-card ending, West cannot keep the guarded spade king and all three clubs, meaning declarer can either duck out the club ace or enjoy the spade queen if he reads the position. Whether or not he finds the winning line, this approach certainly gives him a better chance than the original line.

UNIVERSAL Sudoku Puzzle

Complete the grid so that every row, column and 3x3 box contains every digit from 1 to 9 inclusively.



DIFFICULTY RATING: ★★☆☆☆



7 LITTLE WORDS

Find the 7 words to match the 7 clues. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of letters in each solution. Each letter combination can be used only once, but all letter combinations will be necessary to complete the puzzle.

- CLUES 1 soup and cereal dishes (5) 2 like a very dry throat (7) 3 "Godmother of Soul" Patti (7) 4 alongside (4) 5 trait of Pigpen (10) 6 Bering and Bosphorus (7) 7 "foot fault" (7)



Tuesday's Answers: 1. CONTAMINATE 2. ROSA 3. TUTORING 4. INHALING 5. TIARAS 6. FREEZE 7. LEASE

Legal Advertising Deadlines NOON THE DAY BEFORE PUBLICATION 10:00am Friday for Sunday or Monday publication. (Some exceptions do apply) (509)459-5121

CLOSET GETTING TOO FULL? To Place Your Ad Call (509) 456-7355

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING AND NOTICE OF SEPA DETERMINATION PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE SPOKANE MUNICIPAL CODE RELATED TO THE BUILDING OPPORTUNITY FOR HOUSING PROJECT

Notice is hereby given that a SEPA Determination has been made and that the City of Spokane Plan Commission will hold a Public Hearing in a hybrid format on Wednesday, November 13, 2024 beginning at 4 p.m. in the Council Chambers, Lower Level of City Hall, 808 West Spokane Falls Blvd. and online via the Microsoft Teams Meetings software and over the phone, to receive public testimony regarding proposed citywide amendments to SMC Chapters 17A.020.060, 17C.111.205, 17C.111.210, 17C.111.220, 17C.111.235, 17C.111.310, 17C.111.315, 17C.111.320, 17C.111.325, 17C.111.335, 17C.111.420, 17C.111.450, 17C.230.020, 17C.230.100, 17C.230.110, 17C.230.120, 17C.230.130, 17C.230.140, 17G.080.040, and 17G.080.065. This hearing or portions thereof may be continued to a later date at the discretion of the Plan Commission.

Public testimony on these applications will be taken at the hearing and will be made part of the record. Written comments and oral testimony at the public hearing will be made part of the public record. Only the applicant, persons submitting written comments, and persons testifying at the hearing may appeal the decision.

Any person may submit written comments on the proposed action or request additional information:

City of Spokane, Planning Services & Economic Development Ryan Shea, Planner II, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., Spokane, WA 99201 (509) 625-6500; rshea@spokanecity.org

LOCATION: Citywide

SEPA: A SEPA Checklist for this non-project action has been submitted. A Determination of Non-Significance (DNS) was issued on October 30, 2024, under WAC 197-11-340(2); the lead agency will not act on this proposal for at least 14 days. Comments regarding this DNS must be submitted no later than 4 pm, November 13, 2024, if they are intended to alter the DNS.

To learn more: Project webpage: https://my.spokanecity.org/projects/building-opportunity-for-housing-follow-up-code-amendments/

How to Attend the Meeting: The Public can attend the meeting in-person in the City Council Chambers at 808 W Spokane Falls Blvd. People may also attend online via Microsoft Teams or call in by phone to hear and testify. Access the meeting link and call-in information at the agenda posted in advance on the Commission's website: https://my.spokanecity.org/bcc/commissions/plan-commission/

AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (ADA) INFORMATION: The City of Spokane is committed to providing equal access to its facilities, programs and services for persons with disabilities. The Spokane City Council Chamber in the lower level of Spokane City Hall, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd., is wheelchair accessible and is equipped with an infrared assistive listening system for persons with hearing loss. Headsets may be checked out (upon presentation of picture I.D.) at the City Cable 5 Production Booth located on the First Floor of the Municipal Building, directly above the Chase Gallery or through the meeting organizer. Individuals requesting reasonable accommodations or further information may call, write, or email Risk Management at 509.625.6221, 808 W. Spokane Falls Blvd, Spokane, WA, 99201; or mlowmaster@spokanecity.org. Persons who are deaf or hard of hearing may contact Human Resources through the Washington Relay Service at 7-1-1. Please contact us forty-eight (48) hours before the meeting date. SR225930

LEGAL NOTICES



STATE ENVIRONMENTAL POLICY ACT DETERMINATION OF NONSIGNIFICANCE ADOPTION OF EXISTING DOCUMENT

Lead Agency:

Spokane Airport Board 9000 W. Airport Drive #204 Spokane, WA 99224

Agency Contact / Responsible Official:

Colin Hayden, Project Manager Planning & Development Department Chayden@spokaneairports.net 509-455-6413

Agency File Number:

23-44-1809

Description of Proposal:

Rail-Truck Transload Facility, Phase 4

Location of Proposal:

East of Craig Road, between McFarlane and Thorpe Roads, Spokane, WA

Title of document being adopted:

Categorical Exclusion Worksheet

Date adopted document was prepared:

01-27-2021

Description of document (or portion thereof) being adopted:

The Categorical Exclusion (CatEx) Worksheet (OMB No. 2130-0615) and its findings are hereby adopted in its entirety. The CatEx document was prepared for the National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) process, facilitated by the Federal Railroad Administration (FRA) as the Lead Agency. After review and evaluation of the project, proposed action and the CatEx documentation, FRA issued a Categorical Exclusion with no required mitigation. No appeals were received.

The adopted document is available at:

SEPA Register - https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/separ/Main/SEPA/Search.aspx

We have identified and adopted this document as being appropriate for this proposal after independent review. The document meets our environmental review needs for the current proposal and will accompany the proposal to the decision makers.

The Lead Agency has determined that this proposal will not have a probable significant adverse impact on the environment. An environmental impact statement (EIS) is not required under RCW 43.21C.030(2)(c). This determination is based on the findings and conclusions from the adopted NEPA document.

This DNS is issued under WAC 197-11-340(2). The Lead Agency will not act on this proposal for 14 days from the date below. Comments must be submitted by November 18, 2024.

Signature Colin Hayden

Date 11/4/2024

SR226105

Legal Advertising Deadlines

NOON THE DAY BEFORE PUBLICATION

10:00am Friday for Sunday or Monday publication. (Some exceptions do apply)

(509)459-5121

24-Hour Fax Line (509) 622-1189

E-mail: legals@spokesman.com

LEGAL NOTICES

Mead School District 354 will receive proposals for School Security and Patrol Services. Proposals will be accepted until November 26th, 2024 at 2:00pm at the Mead School District Administration Building, 2323 East Farwell Road, Mead, WA 99021. Proposals will be publically open and read aloud at 2:00pm of said day. To obtain proposal documents please go the Mead School District web site: Mead354.org/AboutUs/ Department Directory/Purchasing. The Mead School District 354 Board of Directors reserves the right to accept or reject any or all proposals and to waive informalities. SR225928

MERCHANDISE WANTED



BUYING OLD STEREO EQUIPMENT Pre-1980.Call/text 509.868.9022

\$\$Paying top dollar\$\$ for Sports card collections & Pokémon. Premium paid for vintage pre-1980. Corey 541-838-0364

Wanted Postcards & Black & White Photographs, any subject. Even old family photo albums. For top dollar. Mark (509) 951-7783



DOGS



AKC DOBERMAN PUPPIES AKC Doberman Pinscher puppies for sale. 3 black/rust males, 1 blue/rust female. 1 year health guarantee, delivery available, tails cropped, dew claws removed. Ready for forever homes November 21st. \$2500. 509-859-9818



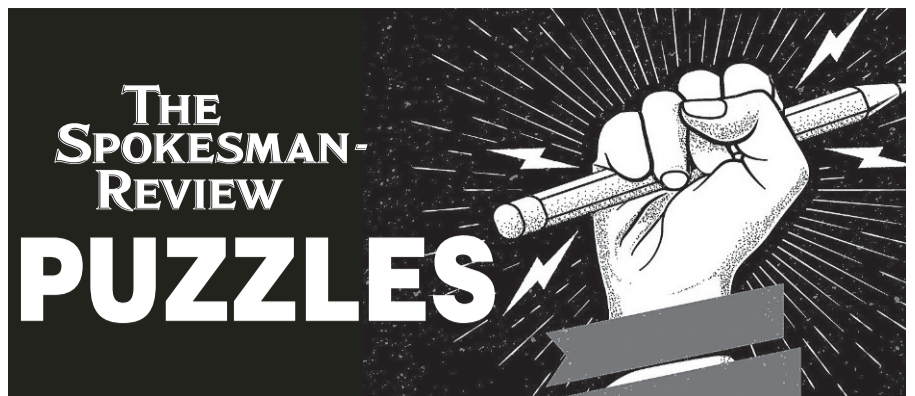
BERNESE MOUNTAIN DOG PUPPIES Beautiful, Playful, sweet Bernese Mountain Dog Puppies. The best family dogs who love water and snow. Smart, very responsive and love kids. No papers. Have first puppy shot and deworm. \$1500. For more info please text or call Olga at 509-220-4355.



BORDER COLLIE PUPPIES Ready to go, birthdate Sept 6th. Family raised, blue merles and black/white. Registered parents in multiple registries. We are North of Spokane. If you have questions or would like photos or to come meet them, please contact us at 509-722-4721. Starting at \$500



MINI AUSSIEDOODLE PUPPIES Ready 9-4-2024. Very handsome litter of parti pattern puppies. Parents are low 20s in size. We can deliver with a deposit or come view them and take one home :)! Very friendly engaging puppies with beautiful fluffy curly coats that will be very low to non-shedding. For more photos information or to arrange to come see them, please call 509-722-4721. Starting at \$600.



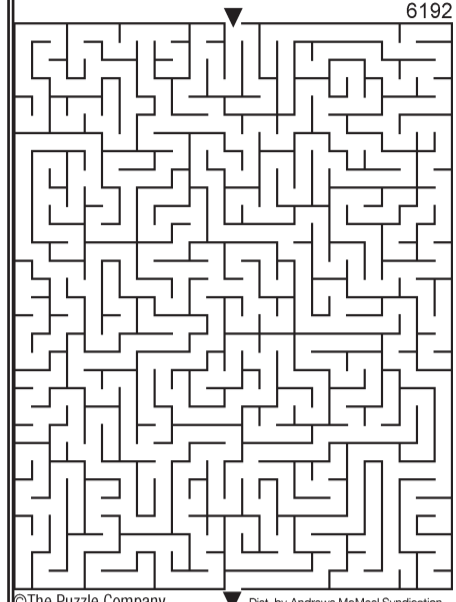
WORD Roundup

Find and Circle... Four words starting and ending with K Four car companies Four African countries Two coin-flip possibilities Home to U.S. presidents: the

Answers to Tuesday's puzzle: OCTOBER APRIL JUNE JULY / PEACH APPLE MANGO LEMON / PRAGUE VIENNA ROME / MERCURY VENUS EARTH / CENTAUR



Minute Maze



LEXICO Start at the double hexagon. Spell solutions to the clues below by winding your way through the grid. You can backtrack to use letters more than once. Each new word starts with the last letter of the previous word.

- 1. High body temperature F _ _ _ _
2. Invigorate _ _ _ _ _
3. Weather forecast numbers H _ _ _ _
4. Sword blocker _ _ _ _ _
5. Evade D _ _ _ _

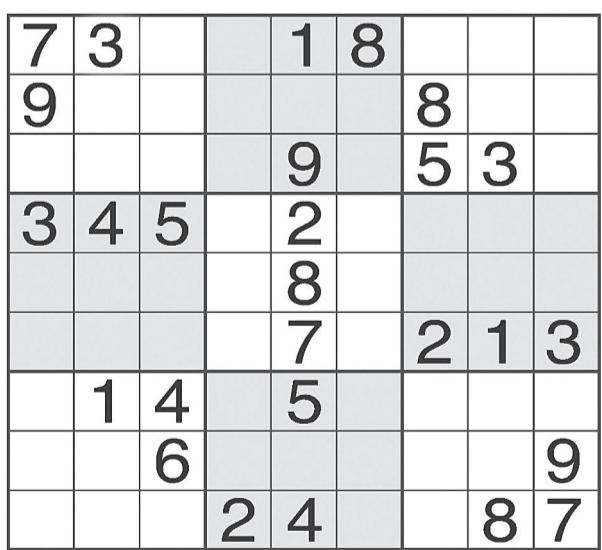


BRIDGE Bobby Wolff, Dist. by Andrews McMeel for UFS

It is as natural to die as to be born; and to a little infant, perhaps, the one is as painful as the other. - Francis Bacon
Put yourself in North's shoes as we continue the theme of potentially natural bids in the opponents' suit. When the auction starts with one diamond from East and a one-heart response from West, some play a call of two diamonds as natural here. In any event, a jump to three diamonds ought to be played as intermediate: 13-16 or so with good diamonds. Thus, South has enough to take a shot at three no-trump. After West leads a heart, declarer can count at least 10 tricks if diamonds split. However, based on the bidding, diamonds are known not to be breaking unless East has specifically 4=4=3=2 shape, in which case he might have raised hearts, and West probably would not have led a heart. If East has four diamonds, starting with the diamond king will be fatal. East will hold up, leaving declarer an entry short to set up the diamonds. Declarer should instead lead a low diamond, preserving a diamond in hand to clear the suit. East wins the diamond nine and returns the heart jack, and now declarer has a second hurdle to overcome. It looks for all the world that West led from five hearts. If declarer covers with the queen, West can duck to keep a link and then run the rest of the suit when East scores the diamond ace. Declarer should duck the heart jack instead, holding the defense to two heart tricks. When the defenders shift to spades, declarer wins in hand and clears diamonds. With the club finesse working, there are nine tricks against any defense.

UNIVERSAL Sudoku Puzzle

Complete the grid so that every row, column and 3x3 box contains every digit from 1 to 9 inclusively.

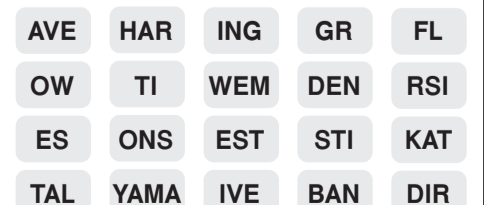


DIFFICULTY RATING: ★★☆☆☆

7 LITTLE WORDS

Find the 7 words to match the 7 clues. The numbers in parentheses represent the number of letters in each solution. Each letter combination can be used only once, but all letter combinations will be necessary to complete the puzzle.

- CLUES 1 expanding (7) 2 suppresses (7) 3 set like concrete (6) 4 most like Pigpen (8) 5 strong dislikes (9) 6 not like a "clam" (9) 7 young NBA phenom Victor (10)



Tuesday's Answers: 1. RESTRAINTS 2. ACCOLADES 3. EMEND 4. SATIATES 5. PRINTABLE 6. DOTE 7. VISUALS

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