CITY OF SPOKANE CODE OF ETHICS HANDBOOK

The Spokane City Council adopted the City's Code of Ethics in January of 2006 (Ordinance No. C-33785) and most recently updated the Code of Ethics with the recognition of the Ethics Commission through the adoption of Ordinance No. C-36532 in July 2024. The City's Code of Ethics is set forth in Chapter 1.04B of the Spokane Municipal Code and is applicable to elected and appointed officials, exempt-confidential employees and represented employees pursuant to applicable collective bargaining agreements.

SMC 1.04B.010 A describes the purpose of the Code of Ethics as follows:

It is the policy of the City of Spokane to uphold, promote and demand the highest standards of ethics from all of its employees and City officers, whether elected, appointed or hired. City officers and employees shall maintain the utmost standards of responsibility, trustworthiness, integrity, truthfulness, honesty and fairness in carrying out their public duties, avoid any improprieties in their roles as public servants including the appearance of impropriety, and never use their City position, authority or resources for personal gain.

This Employee Handbook provides a summary of the Code of Ethics and is intended to provide City officials, officers and employees with an introduction to the City's ethics requirements. This Employee Handbook does not replace the Code of Ethics. Additional ethical standards may also apply to specific employees based upon their own professional occupation or license. Additional information regarding the Code of Ethics, the Ethics Commission and its past decisions can be found on the City's website at:

https://my.spokanecity.org/bcc/commissions/ethics-commission/.

Prohibited Conduct

The main focus of the Code of Ethics is to identify the prohibited conduct that would constitute an ethics violation. SMC 1.04B.050 sets forth the prohibited conduct summarized as follows:

A. General Prohibition Against Conflicts of Interest.

In order to avoid becoming involved or implicated in a conflict of interest or impropriety, or an appearance of conflict of interest or impropriety, no current City officer or employee shall have an interest, financial or otherwise, direct or indirect, or engage in a business or transaction or professional activity, or incur an obligation of any nature,

that might be seen as conflicting with the City officer or employee's proper discharge of his or her official duties, the conduct of official City business or as adverse to the interests of the City. Performance of a legally required duty by a City officer or employee shall not be considered a violation of the Code of Ethics.

- 1. Any employee who becomes aware that he or she might have a potential conflict of interest that arises in the course of his or her official duties shall notify in writing his or her supervisor or appointing authority of the potential conflict. Elected officials shall report potential conflicts of interest to the City Attorney.
- 2. Upon receipt of such a notification, the supervisor or appointing authority shall take action to resolve the potential conflict of interest within a reasonable time, which may include, but is not limited to, designating an alternative employee to perform the duty that is involved in the potential conflict. The supervisor or appointing authority shall document the disposition of the potential conflict in writing in files maintained by the appointing authority. The supervisor or appointing authority may request an advisory opinion from the Ethics Commission before addressing and resolving of the potential conflict.
- 3. Upon receipt of such a notification from an elected official, the City Attorney shall recommend action to resolve the potential conflict of interest, which may include a request for an advisory opinion from the Ethics Commission.

B. Personal Interests in Contracts Prohibited.

No City officer or employee shall participate in his or her capacity as a City officer or employee in the making of a contract in which he or she has a personal interest, direct or indirect, or performs in regard to such a contract some function requiring the exercise of discretion on behalf of the City. Provided, this prohibition shall not apply where the City officer or employee has only a remote interest in the contract, and where the fact and extent of such interest is disclosed and noted in the official minutes or similar records of the City prior to formation of the contract, and thereafter the governing body authorizes, approves or ratifies the contract in good faith by a vote of its membership sufficient for the purpose without counting the vote or votes of the City officer(s) having the remote interest as defined below.

C. Remote Interest.

For purposes of this section, a "remote interest" means:

- 1. that of a non-salaried non-compensated officer of a nonprofit corporation;
- 2. that of an employee or agent of a contracting party where the compensation of such employee or agent consists entirely of fixed wages or salary;

- 3. that of a landlord or tenant of a contracting party;
- 4. that of a holder of less than one percent of the shares of a corporation, limited liability company or other entity which is a contracting party.

D. Personal Influence in Contract Selection Prohibited.

No City officer or employee shall influence the City's selection of, or its conduct of business with, a corporation, person or firm having or proposing to do business with the City if the City officer or employee has a personal interest in or with the corporation, person or firm, unless such interest is a remote interest and where the fact and extent of such interest is disclosed and noted in the official minutes or similar records of the City prior to formation of the contract, as defined in the preceding section. Provided, however, that no City officer or employee may receive anything of value from the City as a result of any contract to which the City shall be a party except for the City officer or employee's salary or lawful compensation.

E. Representation of Private Person at City Proceeding Prohibited.

No City officer or employee shall appear on behalf of a private person, other than himself/herself or a family member or household member, as defined in this chapter, or except as a witness under subpoena, before any regulatory governmental agency or court of law in an action or proceeding to which the City or a City officer in an official capacity is a party, or accept a retainer or compensation that is contingent upon a specific action by the City. Representation of a private person pursuant to a legally required duty by a City officer or employee is permitted and shall not be considered a violation of the Code of Ethics.

F. Certain Private Employment Prohibited.

No City officer or employee shall engage in or accept private employment, or render services for, any private interest when such employment or service is incompatible with the proper discharge of official duties or would tend to impair independence of judgment or action in the performance of official duties.

G. Personal Interest in Legislation Prohibited.

No City officer or employee may benefit either directly or indirectly from any legislation or contract to which the City shall be a party except for the lawful compensation or salary of the City officer or employee unless such interest is a remote interest where the facts and extent of such interest is disclosed. City council members' participation in the enactment of legislation shall be governed by chapter 42.23 RCW – The Code of Ethics for Municipal Officers and chapter 42.36 RCW – The Appearance of Fairness Doctrine. City council members shall not be prohibited from participating in the adoption of legislation when the council member has only a remote interest in the legislation, which has been disclosed, and the legislation is applicable to the general public and not unique to the council member.

H. Continuing Financial Interest.

Where a City officer, employee, or family member of a City officer or employee, has a substantial ongoing financial relationship with a corporation, firm, or person seeking a contract, or proposing to do business with the City, such City officer or employee shall not:

- 1. Influence or participate in the City's contract selection of or conduct business with such corporation, firm, or person; nor
- 2. Influence or participate in the City's contract selection of, or conduct business with, a corporation, firm, or party competing against a party that a City officer or employee has such a substantial ongoing financial relationship.
- 3. For purpose of this section, a substantial ongoing financial relationship is defined as: expanding beyond just a formal contractual relationship. Rather it encompasses any financial interest, direct or indirect, where a City officer, employee, or family member of a City officer or employee is involved in a client-service relationship in which:
 - a. the City officer, employee, or family member of a City officer or employee, receives a substantial portion of his or her revenue or like compensation through such relationship, whether received through his or her corporation, firm, or as an individual; or
 - b. such client-service relationship is likely to continue to provide considerable potential business or has provided substantial business in the past. This does not include prior financial relationships that are so far removed in time or rare in frequency as to be insignificant.
- 4. Corporations, firms or persons doing business with the City shall be advised of this provision, and shall certify, as part of any contract with the City, that they are aware of the restrictions in this policy.

I. Disclosure of Confidential Information

1. Disclosure of Confidential Information

No City officer or employee shall, except as required or reasonably believed to be required for the performance of his/her duties, disclose confidential information gained by reason of his/her official position or use such information for his/her own personal interest. "Confidential information" is all information, whether transmitted orally or in writing, that the employee has been informed, is aware, or has reason to believe is intended to be used only for city purposes, is not intended for public disclosure, or is otherwise of such a nature that it is not, at the time, a matter of public record or public knowledge.

2. Confidential information includes, but is not limited to, personal information regarding City officials and employees; private financial and other personal information provided by city taxpayers, license holders, contractors, and customers; intelligence and investigative information, including the identity of persons filing complaints; formulas, designs, drawings, and research data obtained or produced by the city and preliminary, non-final assessments, opinions, and recommendations concerning city policies and actions. Any public official who is uncertain as to whether certain information is confidential should consult the City Attorney. An employee who is uncertain as to whether certain information is confidential should consult their immediate supervisor or department head.

J. Acceptance of Compensation, Gifts, Favors, Rewards or Gratuity.

City employees shall not, directly or indirectly, solicit any gift or give or receive any gift, whether it be money, services, loan, travel, entertainment, hospitality, promise, or any other form, under the following circumstances:

- 1. It could be reasonably inferred or expected that the gift was intended to influence them in the performance of their official duties; or
- 2. The gift was intended to serve as a reward for any official action on their part. Public officials and city employees may accept de minimis gifts such as, but not limited to, calendars, coffee mugs, flowers, candy, cookies/snacks and other similar items that are given as a customary business practice and have no material significance to the recipient, with such gifts from any one source not to exceed one hundred dollars in value in any twelve-month period. City employees should report any gift to their immediate supervisor. This section shall not apply to gifts made to the city. All such gifts shall be given to the mayor for official disposition. This prohibition shall not apply to those items which are excluded from the definition of gift in SMC 1.04B.020.

K. Fair and Equitable Treatment.

- No City officer or employee shall knowingly use his or her office or position to secure personal benefit, gain or profit, or use position to secure special privileges or exceptions for himself/herself or for the benefit, gain or profits of any other persons.
- 2. No City officer or employee shall employ or use the employment of any person under the City officer's or employee's official control or direction for the personal benefit, gain or profit of the City officer or employee or another beyond that which is available to every other person.
- 3. No City officer or employee shall use City-owned vehicles, equipment, materials, money or property for personal or private convenience or profit. Use is restricted to such services as are available to the public generally, for the authorized conduct of official business (not personal use), and for such

purposes and under such conditions as can be reasonably expected to be approved by City policies.

- 4. Except as authorized by law and in the course of his or her official duties, no City officer or employee shall use the power or authority of his or her office or position with the City in a manner intended to induce or coerce any other person to provide such City employee or any other person with any compensation, gift, or other thing of value directly or indirectly.
- 5. City Officers and employees are encouraged to participate in the political process on their own time and outside of the workplace by working on campaigns for the election of any person to any office or for the promotion of or opposition to any ballot proposition but shall not use or authorize the use of City facilities of resources for such purposes except as authorized by the provisions of RCW 42.17A.555.

L. False and Frivolous complaints prohibited.

No person subject to the Code of Ethics shall knowingly file a false complaint or report of a violation of this Code of Ethics. A person who files a complaint with a good faith belief that a violation of the Code of Ethics has occurred shall be protected by the City's Whistleblower Protection policy as set forth in SMC 1.04C.040.

M. Aiding others prohibited.

No City officer or employee may knowingly aid or assist any City officer or employee in the violation of any provision of this Code of Ethics.

N. Commission of Acts of Moral Turpitude or Dishonesty Prohibited.

No City officer or employee shall commit any act of moral turpitude or dishonesty relating to his or her duties or position as a City officer or employee or arising from business with the City. Conviction of a felony or a misdemeanor involving moral turpitude or dishonesty, the nature of which demonstrates lack of fitness for the position held, shall be considered conclusive evidence of a violation of this Code of Ethics. Demonstrated acts of moral turpitude or dishonesty are not limited to felony or misdemeanor criminal convictions.

O. Prohibited Conduct After Leaving City Service.

1. Disclosure of Privileged, Confidential or Proprietary Information Prohibited.

No former City officer or employee shall disclose or use any privileged, confidential or proprietary information gained because of his or her City employment.

2. Participation in City Matters Prohibited.

No former City officer or employee shall, within a period of one year after leaving

City office or employment:

- a. participate in matters involving the City if, while in the course of employment with the City, the former City officer or employee was officially involved in the matter, or personally and substantially participated in the matter, or acted on the matter;
- b. represent any person as an advocate in any matter in which the former City officer or employee was involved while a City officer or employee; or
- c. participate as or with a bidder, vendor or consultant in any competitive selection process for a City contract in which he or she assisted the City in determining the project, or work to be done, or the process to be used.
- 3. Duty to Inform.

Whenever a City officer or employee wishes to contract with a former City officer or employee for expert or consultant services within one year of the latter's leaving City service, advance notice shall be given to and approval received from the Ethics Commission. Said approval shall be in written form and copied to the mayor at the same time that it is given to the individual making the request.

- 4. Exceptions.
- a. The prohibitions of subsections (2)(a) and (2)(b) of this section shall not apply to a former City officer or employee acting on behalf of a governmental agency if the Ethics Commission has determined that the service to the agency is not adverse to the interest of the City.
- b. Nothing in this chapter shall prohibit an official elected to serve a governmental entity other than the City of Spokane from carrying out their official duties for that government entity.
- 5. Corporations, firms or persons doing business with the City shall be advised of this provision, and shall certify, as part of any contract with the City, that they are aware of the restrictions in this policy. If a firm or person doing business with the City assists an employee in violating the provisions of the Code, the firm or business may be disbarred, excluded from contracting with the City for 5 years.

P. Failure to Produce Public Records

No City officer or employee shall willfully and without just cause delay or fail to produce any city records in his or her possession or control in response to a public records request filed with the city pursuant to Chapter 42.56 RCW.

1. A "city record" is a "public record" as defined by RCW 42.56.010(3).

- 2. "Just cause" to delay or fail to produce means:
- a. A reasonable belief that production of the record is exempt from public disclosure pursuant to Chapter 42.56 RCW or other statute which exempts or prohibits disclosure of specific information or records; and/or
- b. The city record is subject to legal review to determine whether it is subject to an exemption from disclosure pursuant to Chapter 42.56 RCW; and/or
- c. The requester has been notified in writing that additional time is required to produce the city record and/or determine whether it is subject to an exemption from disclosure pursuant to Chapter 42.56 RCW.

<u>Potential Penalties</u> – A stipulation or determination by the Ethics Commission that a violation has occurred shall subject the party found in violation to any of the following penalties, which may be imposed by the Ethics Commission:

- 1. A cease-and-desist order as to violations of this Code of Ethics.
- 2. An order to pay to the City damages sustained by the City that are caused by the conduct constituting the violation.
- 3. A civil penalty of up to five thousand dollars per violation or three times the economic value of anything received or sought in violation of this chapter or rules adopted under it, whichever is greater.

An employee of the city who commits a violation of this chapter may be subjected to disciplinary action, up to and including termination from employment; provided that such disciplinary action is consistent with Career Service Guidelines and any applicable collective bargaining agreement.

A member of a board or commission may also receive a recommendation from the Ethics Commission to the City Council that they be removed from the board or commission or may be suspended from the board or commission by the Ethics Commission in lieu of a fine or damages.

In the case of an elected official, a written reprimand may be issued by the Ethics Commission if the Commission determines that while the elected official did violate the Ethics Code, there was no intent to commit the violation.

As appropriate, the Ethics Commission may refer the disposition of a complaint to the City or County prosecuting attorney's office for appropriate action.

Complaint Process

Filing of Complaints. Complaints shall be filed with the Ethics Commission chairperson or with the staff person assigned to assist the Commission pursuant to the process set forth in SMC 1.04B.140 and within three years of the date of the alleged violation. Complaints must be written, signed by the complainant and directed to the Commission. The complaint shall set forth the facts which the complainant believes

substantiates a violation of the Code of Ethics and which provisions of the code the complainant believes were violated.

Preliminary Review of a Complaint. Upon receipt of a complaint, the City Attorney's Office shall complete a preliminary review to determine whether the allegations, if proven, establish a violation of the City's Code of Ethics.

If upon review, the City Attorney finds that the respondent is not subject to the Code of Ethics, the City Attorney shall within five business days provide the Ethics Commission with written notice of this finding along with a recommendation that the Commission Chair summarily dismiss the complaint pursuant to SMC 1.04B.200 (A).

If upon review, the City Attorney finds that the complaint contains an allegation which, even if true, would not constitute prohibited conduct in violation of the Code of Ethics, the City Attorney shall within five business days provide written notification to the Ethics Commission of his or her opinion that the complaint be dismissed pursuant to SMC 1.04B.200 (B) and shall provide the Commission with a proposed order of dismissal.

If upon review, the City Attorney determines that the complaint alleges facts that, if proven, establish an ethics violation, the complaint shall be referred to an independent investigator to commence an investigation for purposes of determining whether there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of the Code of Ethics has occurred.

Investigation and Hearing Process.

If an investigation is commenced, the City Attorney shall provide written notification to the complainant and the subject of the complaint of his or her decision t refer the matter to an independent investigator for formal investigation to determine if a violation has occurred.

Once an independent investigator has been identified, a copy of the complaint shall be forwarded to the investigator, who shall contact and conduct interviews of the complainant, the subject of the complaint, and of any individuals with knowledge of the facts pertaining to the allegations in the complaint. The investigator shall also seek to obtain and evaluate any additional evidence, such as documentary evidence, in an effort to determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe the subject of the complaint has committed a violation of the City's Code of Ethics. Once the investigator has conducted interviews and has reviewed all other relevant evidence, he or she shall prepare an investigative report detailing his or her findings. The investigation of a complaint shall be completed, and the investigative report shall be submitted to the Ethics Commission, within 45 calendar days of the referral for the investigation. For good cause shown, the investigator appointed to conduct the investigation may request that the Ethics Commission grant an additional 30 days to complete the investigation.

Post-Investigation Procedures.

If the investigator finds that the evidence fails to establish that the subject of the

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complaint has committed prohibited conduct, the independent investigator shall prepare an investigative report with a recommendation that the complaint be dismissed. Whenever an investigator makes a recommendation of dismissal, the investigative report and copies of all documents relating to the investigation shall be forwarded to the Ethics Commission for a final decision on dismissal. Copies of the investigative report and all documents related to the investigation shall be served upon the complainant and the subject of the complaint. Upon receipt of an investigator's report and recommendation for dismissal, the Ethics Commission may enter an order of dismissal, copies of which shall be served on the complainant and on the subject of the complaint. Such order shall be entered within ten business days.

If after investigation, the independent investigator determines that there is reasonable cause to believe the subject of the complaint has committed prohibited conduct in violation of the Code of Ethics, he or she shall prepare an investigative report detailing the evidence and stating the basis for his or her determination. The investigative report and copies of all documents relating to the investigation shall be forwarded to the Ethics Commission with a recommendation that a hearing be held. Copies of the investigative report and all documents related to the investigation shall be served upon the complainant and the subject of the complaint.

If the subject of the complaint accepts the findings of the investigative report, he or she may stipulate to the violation by submitting a letter to the Ethics Commission within ten business days indicating his or her agreement with the findings. In such instance, the matter will proceed to a hearing before the Ethics Commission for adoption of the stipulation and imposition of a penalty. The subject of the complaint may contest the findings of the investigative report by submitting a letter within ten business days to the Ethics Commission indicating his or her disagreement with the findings and requesting that a hearing be held to formally contest the findings. If the subject of the complaint contests the findings detailed within the investigative report or otherwise fails to respond within ten business days to the findings of the investigative report, the matter shall proceed to a contested hearing before the Ethics Commission.

RECUSAL. Commission members who have a conflict regarding a specific complaint shall recusal himself or herself from hearing that complaint but shall remain a member of the Commission.

RESTRICTIONS ON COMMISSION MEMBERS. Commission members are subject to certain restrictions relating to their employment and political activities as set forth in SMC 1.04B.090.

REMOVAL. Commission members may be removed from the Commission by the City Council upon recommendation of the Mayor for official misconduct or conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude or dishonesty.

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